RFP # 19-136 Randolph County



AUDIT REPORT OF THE MUNICIPALITY OF ELKINS, WEST VIRGINIA SINGLE AUDIT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 Fiscal Year Audited Under GAGAS: 2019

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

CITY OF ELKINS, WEST VIRGINIA INDEX OF FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

MAJOR FUNDS

General Coal Severance Financial Stabilization

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE

MAJOR FUNDS

Sanitation Landfill Water Sewer

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES

Pension Trust Funds

Policemen's Pension and Relief Firemen's Pension and Relief

COMPONENT UNIT

Blended

Municipal Building Commission

Discretely Presented

Parks and Recreation Board

FINANCIAL SECTION



Independent Auditor's Report

Municipality of Elkins Randolph County, West Virginia 401 Davis Avenue Elkins, West Virginia 26241

To the Mayor and Members of Council:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Municipality of Elkins, Randolph County, West Virginia (the Municipality), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Municipality's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Municipality's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

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Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Municipality of Elkins, Randolph County, West Virginia, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and Coal Severance Tax Fund, for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include Management's discussion and analysis, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. The Municipality has omitted the management's discussion and analysis. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the information related to the defined benefit pension plan and OPEB liabilities to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the Municipality's financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section presents additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards (Schedule) also presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

Mayor and Members of Council Municipality of Elkins Randolph County, West Virginia Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

The Schedule is management's responsibility and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this Schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the Schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this Schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not subject the introductory section to the auditing procedures applied in the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 19, 2020, on our consideration of the Municipality's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Municipality's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BHM CPA Group

BHM CPA Group Inc. Huntington, West Virginia March 19, 2020

	City of Elkins, West Virgini Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019	a		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Unit Parks and Recreation Board
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 2,146,017	\$ 1,582,200	\$ 3,728,217	\$ 55,594
Receivables (net)	\$ 2,140,017	\$ 1,382,200	\$ 5,720,217	\$ 55,594
Taxes	765,827	-	765,827	_
Accounts	59,192	576,239	635,431	186
Other receivables	50,730		50,730	-
Due to/from other activities	486,150	(504,135)	(17,985)	17,985
Inventory		199,877	199,877	-
Restricted Assets	-	3,779,478	3,779,478	-
Net pension assets	159,702		159,702	-
Capital assets not being depreciated	101,604	66,800	168,404	-
Capital assets being depreciated (net	101,001	00,000	100,101	
of accumulated depreciation)	2,495,005	44,661,519	47,156,524	547,371
Total assets	6,264,227	50,361,978	56,626,205	621,136
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
Pensions	699,100	205,052	904,152	-
Other post employment benefits (OPEB)	85,603	250,761	336,364	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	784,703	455,813	1,240,516	-
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	68,229	164,138	232,367	4,274
Accrued wages and benefits	183,185	138,521	321,706	25,106
Accrued interest payable	-	28,459	28,459	-
Notes payable	63,970	-	63,970	14,004
Long-term liabilities				
Due within one year	96,423	1,741,995	1,838,418	-
Due in more than one year				
Pensions	1,813,757	220,970	2,034,727	-
Other post employment benefits (OPEB)	872,773	811,601	1,684,374	-
Other long-term liabilities	498,348	39,664,684	40,163,032	-
Total liabilities	3,596,685	42,770,368	46,367,053	43,384
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Pensions	705,638	150,772	856,410	-
Other post employment benefits (OPEB)	207,415	249,393	456,808	
Total deferred inflows of resources	913,053	400,165	1,313,218	-
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	1,937,868	3,321,640	5,259,508	533,367
Other purposes	102,224	-	102,224	-
Debt service	-	711,722	711,722	-
Capital expenditures	853,636	1,031,164	1,884,800	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	(354,536)	2,582,732	2,228,196	44,385

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Total net position

\$2,539,192

\$7,647,258

\$10,186,450

\$577,752

City of Elkins, West Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Program Revenues				
Functions/programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		
Primary government:						
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 1,159,283	\$ 193,455	\$ -	\$ -		
Public safety	1,807,686	791,976	-	-		
Highway and Streets	912,216	-	-	-		
Culture and recreation	148,733	-	-	-		
Health and Sanitation	11,060	-	-	-		
Contribution Expense	248,713	-	-	-		
Interest and fiscal charges	20,266	-	-	-		
Total governmental activities	4,307,957	985,431		-		
Business-type activities:						
Sanitation	1,173,512	1,402,773	-	-		
Landfill	31,216	1,474	_	-		
Water	3,809,139	3,368,616				
Sewer	1,849,493	2,354,555	-	_		
Total business-type activities	6,863,360	7,127,418				
Total primary government	11,171,317	8,112,849	-			
rour prinning government		0,112,017				
Component unit:						
Parks and Recreation Board	331,767	11,854	272,713	-		
Total component unit	331,767	11,854	272,713	-		
-						
	General revenues:	:				
	Taxes:					
	Ad valorem p	roperty taxes				
	Business and	occupation taxes				
	Alcoholic bev	verage tax				
	Utility service	e tax				
	Animal contro	ol				
	Hotel occupat	ncy				
	Gas and oil S	everance				
	Sales Tax					
	Licenses and pe	ermits				
	Franchise fees					
	Intergovernmen	ital - state				
	Reimbursement	S				
		nd gaming income				
	Rents and conce	essions				
	Investment inco	ome				
	Miscellaneous					
	Total gener	al revenues				
	Changes in ne	et position				
		beginning of the year	ar			
	Net position,	end of the year				

	Pr	imary	y Governmen	t		Component Unit
	overnmental	Bu	siness-type		T ()	Parks &
	Activities	A	Activities		Total	Recreation Board
.		.		<u>_</u>		¢
\$	(965,828)	\$	-	\$	(965,828)	\$ -
	(1,015,710)		-		(1,015,710)	-
	(912,216)		-		(912,216)	-
	(148,733)		-		(148,733)	-
	(11,060)		-		(11,060)	-
	(248,713)		-		(248,713)	-
	(20,266)		-		(20,266)	-
	(3,322,526)		-		(3,322,526)	-
	-		229,261		229,261	-
	-		(29,742)		(29,742)	-
	-		(440,523)		(440,523)	-
	-		505,062		505,062	-
	-		264,058	-	264,058	-
	(3,322,526)		264,058		(3,058,468)	

Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Position

(47,200) (47,200)

1,035,296	-	1,035,296	-
1,548,093	-	1,548,093	-
150,016	-	150,016	-
430,570	-	430,570	-
1,166	-	1,166	-
215,829	-	215,829	-
14,901	-	14,901	-
1,063,509	-	1,063,509	-
152,119	-	152,119	-
92,588	-	92,588	-
41,263	-	41,263	-
18,920	-	18,920	-
33,118	-	33,118	-
42,050	-	42,050	-
3,490	54,105	57,595	63
33,686	-	33,686	645
4,876,614	54,105	4,930,719	708
1,554,088	318,163	1,872,251	(46,492)
985,104	7,329,095	8,314,199	624,244
\$ 2,539,192	\$ 7,647,258	\$ 10,186,450	\$ 577,752

City of Elkins, West Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	 General	Coa	l Severance	inancial abilization	Other ernmental	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:							
Cash and investments	\$ 1,456,762	\$	95,033	\$ 591,151	\$ 3,071	\$	2,146,017
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)							
Taxes	765,827		-	-	-		765,827
Accounts	59,192		-	-	-		59,192
Other receivables	43,539		7,191	-	-		50,730
Due from:							
Other funds	416,321		-	262,485	-		678,806
Component unit	 765		-	 -	 -		765
Total assets	 2,742,406		102,224	 853,636	 3,071		3,701,337
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances: Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	68,229		-	-	-		68,229
Accrued wages and benefits	183,185		-	-	-		183,185
Interfund payable	174,671		-	-	-		174,671
Due to component unit	18,750		-	-	-		18,750
Notes payable	 63,970		-	 -	 -		63,970
Total liabilities	508,805		-	-	-		508,805
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Property taxes not levied to finance current year operations	 95,233		-	 -	 -		95,233
Total deferred inflows of resources	95,233		-	-	-		95,233
Fund Balances:							
Restricted for Capital Outlay	-		-	853,636	-		853,636
Restricted	-		102,224	-	3,071		105,295
Unassigned	 2,138,368		-	 -	 -		2,138,368
Total fund balances	 2,138,368		102,224	 853,636	 3,071		3,097,299
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 2,742,406	\$	102,224	\$ 853,636	\$ 3,071	\$	3,701,337



City of Elkins, West Virginia Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2019

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 3,097,299
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		2,596,609
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Taxes	95,233	
Total		95,233
The net pension/OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liabilities and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	699,100	
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	85,603	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(705,638)	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(207,415)	
Net Pension Assets	159,702	
Net Pension Liabilities	(1,813,757)	
Net OPEB Liability	(872,773)	
Total		(2,655,178)
Long-term liabilities, including notes payable and bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.		
Revenue Bonds Payable Notes Payable	(265,158) (329,613)	
Total		 (594,771)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 2,539,192

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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City of Elkins, West Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General	Coal Severance	Financial Stabilization	Other Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Taxes (including interest and penalties)					
Ad valorem	\$ 1,014,129	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,014,129
Business and occupation	1,548,093	-	-	-	1,548,093
Alcoholic beverage	150,016	-	-	-	150,016
Utility services	430,570	-	-	-	430,570
Animal control	1,166	-	-	-	1,166
Hotel occupancy	215,829	-	-	-	215,829
Gas and Oil Severance	14,901	-	-	-	14,901
Sales Tax	1,063,509	-	-	-	1,063,509
Licenses and permits	152,119	-	-	-	152,119
Franchise fees	92,588	-	-	-	92,588
Intergovernmental revenue					
State	19,273	21,990	-	-	41,263
Charges for services	94,409	-	-	-	94,409
Investment earnings	1,541	121	1,825	3	3,490
Fire service fees and penalties	791,976	-	-	-	791,976
Reimbursements	18,920	-	-	-	18,920
Rents and concessions	42,050	-	-	-	42,050
Parking revenues	13,346	-	-	-	13,346
Court costs and fees	85,700	-	-	-	85,700
Video lottery and gaming income	33,118	-	-	-	33,118
Miscellaneous revenue	30,277	-	-	3,409	33,686
Total revenues	5,813,530	22,111	1,825	3,412	5,840,878
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	1,117,666	-	-	-	1,117,666
Public safety	1,971,434	-	-	341	1,971,775
Highway and Streets	881,276	-	-	-	881,276
Culture and recreation	148,174	-	-	-	148,174
Health and Sanitation	11,060	-	-	-	11,060
Capital outlay	223,345	-	-	-	223,345
Debt service:			-	-	
Principal retirement	96,633	-	-	-	96,633
Interest and fiscal charges	20,266	-			20,266
Total expenditures	4,469,854		-	341	4,470,195
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,343,676	22,111	1,825	3,071	1,370,683
Other financing sources (uses):					
Contributions to Park Board	(248,713)	-			(248,713)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(248,713)	-			(248,713)
Net change in fund balance	1,094,963	22,111	1,825	3,071	1,121,970
Fund balance, January 1	1,043,405	80,113	851,811		1,975,329
Fund balance, December 31	\$ 2,138,368	\$ 102,224	\$ 853,636	\$ 3,071	\$ 3,097,299



City of Elkins, West Virginia Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 1,121,970
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital asset additions in the current period. Capital Asset Additions Current Year Depreciation	225,110 (289,441)	
Total		(64,331)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Taxes		21,167
Repayments of bond and note principal are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayments reduce liabilities in the statement of net position and do not result in expenses in the statement of activities.		96,633
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of activities reports these amounts as deferred outflows.		573,355
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB (assets) liabilities are reported as pension/OPEB expense (gain) in the statement of activities.		(194,706)
Total		
Net Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 1,554,088

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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City of Elkins, West Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund - Budgetary Basis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual Modified Accrual	Variance With Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Basis	(Unfavorable)
Revenues				
Taxes (including interest and penalties)				
General property tax	\$ 1,017,504	\$ 1,017,504	\$ 1,014,129	\$ (3,375)
Gas and oil severance tax	9,500	9,500	14,901	5,401
Sales Tax	250,000	250,000	1,063,509	813,509
Business and occupation tax	1,252,000	1,252,000	1,548,093	296,093
Alcoholic beverage tax	120,000	120,000	150,016	30,016
Utility services tax	403,000	403,000	430,570	27,570
Hotel occupancy tax	185,500	185,500	215,829	30,329
Animal control tax	1,600	1,600	1,166	(434)
Total taxes	3,239,104	3,239,104	4,438,213	1,199,109
Licenses and permits	21,000	21,000	152,119	131,119
Franchise fees	105,000	105,000	92,588	(12,412)
Intergovernmental:	24.000	24.000	10.070	
State	24,000	24,000	19,273	(4,727)
Charges for services	143,700	143,700	94,409	(49,291)
Interest	1,200	1,200	1,541	341
Fire service fees and penalties	779,911	779,911	791,976	12,065
Parking revenues	12,000	12,000	13,346	1,346
Court costs and fees	102,100	102,100	85,700	(16,400)
Video lottery and gaming income	32,000	32,000	33,118	1,118
Rents and concessions	25,500	25,500	42,050	16,550
Reimbursements	15,000	15,000	18,920	3,920
Miscellaneous	11,809	11,809	30,277	18,468
Total revenues	4,512,324	4,512,324	5,813,530	1,301,206
Expenditures				
General government	1,013,715	1,114,551	1,117,666	(3,115)
Public safety	2,110,591	2,469,833	1,971,434	498,399
Highways and streets	1,034,620	1,075,105	881,276	193,829
Health and sanitation	8,000	4,000	11,060	(7,060)
Culture and recreation	198,685	206,915	148,174	58,741
Debt service	-	-	116,899	(116,899)
Capital projects	-	-	223,345	(223,345)
Total expenditures	4,365,611	4,870,404	4,469,854	400,550
(Deficiency) excess of revenues				
(under) over expenditures	146,713	(358,080)	1,343,676	1,701,756

City of Elkins, West Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund - Budgetary Basis (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Modified Accrual	Variance With Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Basis	(Unfavorable)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In Contributions to Park Board	(248,713)	95,551 (248,713)	(248,713)	(95,551)
Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balance	(248,713) (102,000)	(153,162) (511,242)	(248,713) 1,094,963	(95,551) 1,606,205
Fund balance at beginning of year	102,000	1,043,405	1,043,405	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ -	\$ 532,163	\$ 2,138,368	\$ 1,606,205

Explanation of Differences:

The City budgets for capital expenditures as a current period expenditure rather than a capital expenditure on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

City of Elkins, West Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Coal Severance Fund - Budgetary Basis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual Modified Accrual	Variance With Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Basis	(Unfavorable)
Revenues				
Intergovernmental:				
State	15,000	15,00	0 21,990	6,990
Interest	-		- 121	121
Total revenues	15,000	15,00	0 22,111	7,111
Expenditures Public safety Total expenditures			<u>-</u>	<u> </u>
Net change in fund balance	15,000	15,00	22,111	7,111
Fund balance at beginning of year	70,090	80,11	3 80,113	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 85,090	\$ 95,11	3 \$ 102,224	\$ 7,111

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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City of Elkins, West Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2019

Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles) 121.275 139 293.166 101.659 576.235 Materials and supplies inventory - 138.245 61.632 129.875 Total current assets 1.010.440 134.259 580.020 656.472 2.381.191 Reserve account - 215.839 630.877 88.802 Reverve account - 56.437 88.653 145.005 Deprociation account - 316.190 347.038 663.398 Rearway and ceptacement account - 1.764.326 - 1.764.326 Capital Assets - 1.764.326 - 1.764.326 Capital Assets - 2.167.034 66.308 Sunctures and improvements - 2.167.032 7.106.239 7.106.239 7.106.239 7.106.239 7.106.239 7.106.230 7.106.239 7.106.239 7.106.239 7.106.230 7.106.239 7.106.239 7.106.239 7.106.239 7.106.230 7.106.230 7.106.230 7.106.230 7.106.230		Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
Assets:		Sanitation	Landfill	Water	Sewer	Totals
Tegrin probled each and investments \$ 89,065 \$ 134,120 \$ 125,741 \$ 143,181 \$ 1,552,200 Receivable (not of allowance for uncollectibles) 121,275 19 293,166 161,659 576,235 Materials and supplies investory - - 22,875 - 22,847 Total current assets 1,010,440 134,259 560,020 656,472 2,381,91 \$ 1,582,200 Restricted assets - - 215,539 633,087 838,926 \$ 134,109 347,078 663,999 Restricted assets - - 1,764,326 - - 1,764,326 Capital Assets - - 1,764,326 74,942 1,240,210 3,79,478 Land - - 9,766 57,034 66,800 594,661 Structures and imporvements - 1,264,325 91,31,012,044 1,403,001 Treatment and disposal system - - 1,403,001 1,403,001 Constructures and signation and amoritzation 1,366,185 1,314,693 </td <td>Assets:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Assets:					
Receivables (net of allownees for uncollectibles) 121,275 139 293,166 161,659 576,235 Due from other funds - 138,245 61,632 199,877 Ioal current assets 1,010,440 134,259 580,020 656,472 2,381,191 Restricted assets: - - 215,839 63,037 838,926 Revenue account - - 56,427 88,435 145,000 Deprectation account - - 316,190 347,078 663,398 Rearesul and replacement account - - 1,764,326 - - 1,764,326 Capital Assets - 1,764,326 714,942 1,240,210 3,779,478 Capital Assets - 1,766,383	Current assets:					
Due from other funds - - 22,875 - 22,875 Materials and supplies inventory - 138,245 61,632 199,877 Total current assets 1,010,440 134,259 580,020 666,472 2,281,91 Restricted assets: - - 215,839 623,087 888,955 Reserve account - 56,437 88,635 145,060 Depreciation account - 56,437 88,035 145,060 Renewed and replacement account - 1,764,326 - 1,764,326 Total restricted assets - 1,764,326 774,942 1,240,210 3,719,478 Capital Assets - - 21,807,021 21,807,021 21,807,021 21,807,021 21,807,021 21,807,021 21,807,021 2,817,807,021 2,817,807,021 2,817,807,021 2,918,670 - 2,918,670 - 2,918,670 - 2,248,793 24,893,302 24,893,302 24,893,302 24,893,302 24,893,322 24,893,302 24,893,302	Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 889,165	\$ 134,120	\$ 125,734	\$ 433,181	\$ 1,582,200
Materials and supplies inventory - - 138,245 61,632 199,877 Total current assets 1,010,440 134,259 580,020 656,472 2,381,191 Restricted assets - - 215,839 623,087 933,926 Revenue account - - 564,27 88,635 145,062 Deprociation account - - 166,486 180,780 367,266 Landfil cerow - 1,764,326 - 1,764,326 - 1,764,326 Capital Assets - - 2,807,021 - 2,807,021 - 1,203,201 - 1,807,102,397 Calicity system - - 2,807,021 - 2,918,670 - 2,918,670 - 2,918,670 - 2,918,670 - 2,918,670 - 2,918,670 - 2,918,670 - 2,918,670 - 2,918,670 - 2,918,670 - 2,918,674 2,918,670 - 2,918,674 2,918,670 -	Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)	121,275	139	293,166	161,659	576,239
Total current assets 1.010.440 134.259 580.020 656.472 2.381.391 Restrict dassets:	Due from other funds	-	-	22,875	-	22,875
Restricted assets: - - 215,839 623,087 838,922 Reserve account - - 215,839 623,087 838,922 Depreciation account - - 316,190 347,708 663,595 Reserval and replacement account - - 1,764,326 - - 1,764,326 Capital Assets - 1,764,326 - - 1,764,326 Capital Assets - 1,764,326 - - 1,764,326 Total restricted assets - 1,764,326 - - 1,764,326 Capital Assets - - 9,766 57,034 668,059 Structures and improvements - 2,0,870,021 - 2,180,700 Treatment and disposal system - - 2,617,038 2,617,038 2,617,038 2,617,038 2,617,038 2,218,670 - 2,218,670 - 2,218,670 - 2,218,670 - 2,218,670 - 2,218,670 - 2,218,670 </td <td>Materials and supplies inventory</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>138,245</td> <td>61,632</td> <td>199,877</td>	Materials and supplies inventory			138,245	61,632	199,877
Reserve account - - 215,839 623,087 388,920 Revenue account - - 56,427 88,635 145,063 Depreciation account - - 186,486 180,780 267,293 Landfill ectrow - 1,764,326 - - 1,764,326 Total restricted assets - 1,764,326 774,942 1,202,10 3,779,478 Capital Assets - 1,764,326 774,942 1,202,210 3,779,478 Total restricted assets - 1,764,326 774,942 1,202,210 3,779,478 Capital Assets - - 9,766 57,034 66,800 Structures and improvements - 2,180,7021 - 2,180,7021 - 2,180,7021 - 2,180,7021 - 2,180,7021 - 2,180,7021 - 2,180,7021 - 2,218,807 - 2,461,7308 2,617,308 2,617,308 2,218,807 - 2,48,93 2,44,931 - 2,218,807	Total current assets	1,010,440	134,259	580,020	656,472	2,381,191
Revenue account - - 56.427 88.635 145.062 Depresition account - 136.190 347.708 663.898 Landfill escrow - 1.764.326 - - 1.764.326 Total restricted assets - 1.764.326 - - 1.764.326 Structures and improvements - - 9.766 57.034 66.800 Structures and improvements - - 21.807.021 - 21.807.021 Collecting system - - 7.106.239 7.106.239 7.106.239 7.106.239 Pumping system - - 1.403.001	Restricted assets:					
Revenue account - - 56.427 88.635 145.062 Depreciation secont - 186.190 347.708 663.898 Landfill secrow - 1.764.326 - - 1.764.326 Total restricted assets - 1.764.326 - - 1.764.326 Structures and improvements - 0.766 57.034 66.800 Structures and improvements - 2.1.807.021 - 2.1.807.021 Collecting system - - 7.106.23 7.1.06.23 7.1.06.23 Pumping system - - 2.1.807.021 - 2.1.807.021 - 2.1.807.038 2.6.17.308	Reserve account	-	-	215,839	623,087	838,926
Renewal and replacement account - - 186,486 180,780 367,266 Landfill escrow - 1,764,326 - - 1,764,326 Capital Assets - 1,764,326 774,942 1,240,210 3,779,478 Capital Assets - - 9,766 57,034 66,800 Structures and inprovements - - 21,807,021 - 22,80,77 - 3,461,123 46,123 22,80,77 - 3,453,4291 (2,64,89,443 1,31,453 - 1,814 91,387 205,052 0,50,55 50,51,853,51,51,51,53,51,53,51,53,51,53,51,53,5	Revenue account	-	-	56,427	88,635	145,062
Renewal and replacement account - - 186,486 180,780 367,266 Landfill escrow - 1.764,326 - - 1.764,326 Capital Assets - 1.764,326 774,942 1.240,210 3.779,478 Capital Assets - - 9,766 57,034 66,800 Structures and inprovements - - 21,807,021 - 22,80,70 - - 2,918,670 - - 2,918,670 - - 2,918,670 - - 2,918,670 - - 2,918,670 - - 2,918,670 - -	Depreciation account	-	-	316,190	347,708	663,898
Landfill escrow - 1,764,326 - - 1,764,326 Capital Assets - 1,764,326 774,942 1,240,210 3,779,478 Capital Assets - 9,766 57,034 66,800 Structures and distribution system - 2,1807,021 - 1,101,204 Collecting system - 2,1807,021 - 1,2107,021 - 1,2107,021 - 1,2107,021 - 1,2107,021 - 1,2107,021 - 1,2107,021 - 1,2107,021 - 1,2107,021 - 1,2107,021 - 1,2107,021 - 1,2107,021 - 1,2107,021 - 1,403,001 1,403,000 Maximum system - - 2,617,308 2,617,308 2,617,308 2,617,308 2,617,308 2,617,308 2,617,308 2,617,308 2,617,308 2,617,308 2,648,932 2,24,893 Laddified ell - 2,218,807 1,205,617 1,65,382 3,5102,882 9,274,878 44,728,319 Total assets 1,205,617 1,66,007 190,021 455,813 Libitidies Cuprent labilities 1,205,617 <td>÷</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	÷	-	-			
Total restricted assets - 1,764,326 774,942 1,240,210 3,779,478 Capital Assets - - 9,766 57,034 66,800 Structures and improvements - - 21,807,021 - 2,918,670 - - 2,918,670 - 2,918,670 - 2,918,670 - 2,4893 22,4893 22,4893 22,4893 22,4893 22,4893 22,4893 22,4893 22,4893 22,4893 22,4893 20,5052 0,606 55,013 51,551		-	1,764,326	-	-	1,764,326
Capital Assets -	Total restricted assets			774 942	1 240 210	
Land - - - - - - - 66,800 Structures and improvements - - 21,807,021 - 21,807,021 Collecting system - - - 7,106,239 7,106,239 Pumping system - - - - 594,661 594,4661 Collecting system - - - - 594,661 594,4661 Construction in progress - - - 2,617,308 2,617,308 2,21,807,001 - 2,918,670 - - 2,918,670 - - 2,918,670 - - 2,918,670 - - 2,918,670 - 2,918,670 - 2,918,670 - - 2,918,670 - - 2,918,670 - - 2,918,670 - - 2,918,670 - - 2,918,670 - - 2,918,670 - - 2,918,670 - - 2,918,670 - - 2,918,670 - - 2,918,670 - - 2,918,670 -			1,704,520	114,942	1,240,210	5,779,470
Structures and improvements - 42,600 20,343,453 10,625,991 31,012,044 Treatment and distribution system - - 21,807,021 21,807,021 21,807,021 Collecting system - - - 7,106,239 7,106,239 7,106,239 Pumping system - - - 2,617,308 2,617,308 2,617,308 General plant - - 2,918,670 - 2,487,308 2,248,93 22,4893 Lessi accumulated depreciation and amortization (1,081,008) (4,200,581) (7,853,605) (13,354,249) (26,489,443) Total capital assets 285,177 65,382 35,102,882 9,274,878 44,728,319 Total capital assets 12,95,617 1,963,967 36,457,844 11,171,560 50,888,988 Deferred Outflows of Resources: 119,785 - 146,007 190,021 455,813 Liabilities: Current liabilities (payable from current assets: - 25,924 36,048 143,93 Load ferred outflows of resources 119,785 - 146,007 190,021 455,813	-	-	-	9,766	57,034	66,800
Treatment and distribution system - - 21,807,021 - 21,807,021 Collecting system - - - 7,106,239 7,106,239 Pumping system - - - 594,661 594,661 General plant - - - 2,617,308 2,617,308 General plant - - - 1,403,001 1,403,001 Machinery and equipment 1,366,185 1,304,693 796,247 - 3,467,125 Landfill cell - - 224,893 224,893 224,893 224,893 224,893 224,893 224,893 224,893 224,893 224,893 224,893 224,893 224,893 224,893 224,893 224,893 224,893 226,893 224,893 226,893 235,102,882 9,274,878 44,728,316 Total capital assets 1,295,617 1,963,967 36,457,844 11,71,560 50,888,988 Deferred Outflows of Resources: Pensions 07,934 84,193 98,634 250,761 Total assets 1,295,617 1,963,967 36,451,841 <td>Structures and improvements</td> <td>-</td> <td>42,600</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>31,012,044</td>	Structures and improvements	-	42,600			31,012,044
Collecting system - - 7,106,239 7,106,239 Pumping system - - 594,661 594,661 594,661 Treatment and disposal system - - 2,617,308 2,617,308 General plant - - 2,918,670 - 2,918,670 Lamdfill cell - 2,918,670 - 2,248,93 224,893 Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization (1,081,008) (4,200,581) (7,853,605) (13,354,249) (26,489,443) Total capital assets 285,177 65,382 35,102,882 9,274,878 44,728,319 Total assets 1,295,617 1,963,967 36,457,844 11,171,560 50,888,988 Deferred Outflows of Resources 119,785 - 146,007 190,021 455,813 Liabilities 119,785 - 146,007 190,021 455,813 Current liabilities (payable from current assets: - 25,924 36,489 389,413 Accrued wage, benefits and vacation 31,922 - 50,666 55,933 138,521 Dut degrees outplove current por	1	-	-		-	21,807,021
Pumping system - - - 594,661 594,661 Treatment and disposal system - - 2,617,308 2,24,893 2,26,173 3,64,57,844 11,171,560 5,0,888,988 2,661 3,64,57,844 11,171,560 5,0,888,988 2,60,763 3,18,521 1,64,0,007 <td< td=""><td>•</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>7,106,239</td><td>7,106,239</td></td<>	•	-	-	-	7,106,239	7,106,239
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		-	-	-		
General plant - - - 1,403,001 1,403,001 Machinery and equipment 1,366,185 1,304,693 796,247 - 3,467,125 Landfill Cell 2,918,670 - - 2,24,893 224,893 Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization (1,081,008) (4,200,581) (7,853,605) (13,354,249) (26,489,443) Total capital assets 285,177 65,382 35,102,882 9,274,878 44,728,319 Total assets 1,295,617 1,963,967 36,457,844 11,171,560 50,888,988 Deferred Outflows of Resources: Pensions 51,851 - 61,814 91,387 205,052 OPEB 67,924 84,193 98,634 250,761 700,021 455,813 Libilitics: Courted by apable 45,398 19 82,641 36,080 164,138 Accounts payable 440,091 - 86,919 - 527,010 Notes payable - current portion - 22,524 363,489 388,413 98,433 1,267,491 Current portion of obligations under capital leases		-	-	-		
Machinery and equipment 1,366,185 1,304,693 796,247 - 3,467,125 Landfill cell - 2,918,670 - - 2,918,670 Construction in progress - - 2,24,893 224,893 224,893 Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization (1,081,008) (4,200,581) (7,853,605) (1,3,354,249) (26,489,443) Total capital assets 285,177 65,382 35,102,882 9,274,878 44,728,319 Total assets 1,295,617 1,963,967 36,457,844 11,171,560 50,888,988 Deferred Outflows of Resources: - 119,785 - 146,007 190,021 455,813 Labilities: - 119,785 - 146,007 190,021 455,813 Labilities: Current liabilities (payable from current assets: - - 25,924 36,080 164,138 Accrued wages, benefits and vacation 31,922 - 50,666 55,933 138,521 Due to other funds 440,091 - 86,919 - 22,524 36,489 389,413 Curre		-	-	-		
Landfill cell 2,918,670 - 2,918,670 Construction in progress - 224,893 224,893 Less: accurulated depreciation and amortization (1,081,008) (4,200,581) (7,853,605) (13,354,249) (26,489,443) Total capital assets 285,177 65,382 35,102,882 9,274,878 44,728,319 Deferred Outflows of Resources: Pensions 51,851 - 61,814 91,387 205,052 OPEB 67,934 84,193 98,634 250,761 Total deferred outflows of resources 119,785 - 146,007 190,021 455,813 Liabilities: Current liabilities (payable from current assets: Accounts payable 45,398 19 82,641 36,080 164,138 Accrued wages, benefits and vacation 31,922 - 50,666 55,933 138,521 Due to other funds 440,091 - 86,919 - 527,010 Notes payable - current portion - - 25,924 363,489 389,413 Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets) - - 763,295 5	-	1.366.185	1.304.693	796.247	-,,	
Construction in progress 224,893 224,893 224,893 224,893 224,893 224,893 224,893 224,893 224,893 224,893 224,893 224,893 224,893 224,893 224,893 224,893 224,893 224,893 (26,489,443) Total capital assets 285,177 65,382 35,102,882 9,274,878 44,728,319 Total assets 1,295,617 1,963,967 36,457,844 11,171,560 50,888,988 Deferred Outflows of Resources: 91,387 205,052 67,934 84,193 98,634 250,761 Total deferred outflows of resources 119,785 146,007 190,021 455,813 Liabilities: Current liabilities (payable from current assets: $Accrucd wages, benefits and vacation 31,922 50,666 55,933 138,521 Due to other funds 440,091 86,919 527,010 52,578 24,831 48,409 Current liabilities (payable from current assets) 540,989 19 246,150 480,333 1,267,491 Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets: 763,295 540,878 $					-	
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization $(1,081,008)$ $(4,200,581)$ $(7,853,605)$ $(13,354,249)$ $(26,489,443)$ Total capital assets $285,177$ $65,382$ $35,102,882$ $9,274,878$ $44,728,319$ Total assets $1,295,617$ $1,963,967$ $36,457,844$ $11,171,560$ $50,888,988$ Deferred Outflows of Resources: $51,851$ $ 61,814$ $91,387$ $205,052$ OPEB $67,934$ $84,193$ $98,634$ $250,761$ Itabilities: $119,785$ $ 146,007$ $190,021$ $455,813$ Liabilities:Current liabilities (payable from current assets: Accounds payable $45,398$ 19 $82,641$ $36,080$ $164,138$ Outrent runds $49,091$ $ 86,919$ $ 27,700$ Notes payable - current portion $ 25,924$ $36,3489$ $389,413$ Current liabilities (payable from current assets) $540,989$ 19 $246,150$ $480,333$ $1,267,491$ Current liabilities (payable from current assets) $540,989$ 19 $246,150$ $480,333$ $1,267,491$ Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets) $ 763,295$ $540,878$ $1,304,173$ Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets) $ 763,295$ $540,878$ $1,304,173$ Current liabilities: Doligations under capital leases -noncurrent Liabilities: Obligations under capital leases-noncurrent Liabilities: Obligations under capital leases-noncurrent Liabilities: Obligatio		_		_	224 893	
Total assets1,295,6171,963,96736,457,84411,171,56050,888,988Deferred Outflows of Resources:Pensions51,851-61,81491,387205,052OPEB67,93484,19398,634250,761Total deferred outflows of resources119,785-146,007190,021455,813Liabilities:Current liabilities (payable from current assets:Accounds payable45,3981982,64136,080164,138Accurde wages, benefits and vacation31,922-50,66655,933138,521Due to other funds440,091-86,919-527,010Notes payable - current portion25,924363,489389,413Current portion of obligations under capital leases23,57824,83148,099Total current liabilities (payable from current assets)540,98919246,150480,3331,267,491Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets:763,295540,8781,332,632Noncurrent liabilities:28,459-28,459Total current liabilities:791,754540,8781,332,632Noncurrent liabilities:201,640-34,283275,678811,601Noter post employment benefits201,640-34,283275,678811,601Net pension liability<		(1,081,008)	(4,200,581)	(7,853,605)		(26,489,443)
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Pensions $51,851$ - $61,814$ $91,387$ $205,052$ OPEB $67,934$ $84,193$ $98,634$ $250,761$ Total deferred outflows of resources 119,785 - 146,007 190,021 $455,813$ Liabilities: Current liabilities (payable from current assets: - $50,666$ $55,933$ $138,521$ Due to other funds $440,091$ - $86,919$ - $527,010$ Notes payable - current portion - - $25,924$ $363,489$ $389,413$ Current liabilities (payable from current assets) $540,989$ 19 $246,150$ $480,333$ $1,267,491$ Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets: - - $763,295$ $540,878$ $1,304,173$ Accrued interest - - $763,295$ $540,878$ $1,322,632$ Noneurrent liabilities: (payable from restricted assets) - - $763,295$ $540,878$ $1,322,632$ Noneurrent liabilities:	Total capital assets	285,177	65,382	35,102,882	9,274,878	44,728,319
Pensions $51,851$ - $61,814$ $91,387$ $205,052$ OPEB $67,934$ $84,193$ $98,634$ $250,761$ Total deferred outflows of resources $119,785$ - $146,007$ $190,021$ $455,813$ Liabilities:Current liabilities (payable from current assets: $45,398$ 19 $82,641$ $36,080$ $164,138$ Accrued wages, benefits and vacation $31,922$ - $50,666$ $55,933$ $138,521$ Due to other funds $440,091$ - $86,919$ - $527,010$ Notes payable - current portion $24,831$ $48,409$ Current portion of obligations under capital leases $23,578$ $24,831$ $48,409$ Total current liabilities (payable from current assets) $540,989$ 19 $246,150$ $480,333$ $1,267,491$ Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets: $763,295$ $540,878$ $1,304,173$ Accrued interest $791,754$ $540,878$ $1,332,632$ Total current liabilities (payable from restricted assets) $791,754$ $540,878$ $1,332,632$ Noncurrent liabilities: $84,741$ $84,741$ $84,249$ $220,970$ Revenue bonds payable-noncurrent $84,741$ $84,249$ $220,970$ Revenue bonds payable-noncurrent $84,741$ $84,249$ $220,970$ Revenue bonds payable-noncurrent <td< td=""><td>Total assets</td><td>1,295,617</td><td>1,963,967</td><td>36,457,844</td><td>11,171,560</td><td>50,888,988</td></td<>	Total assets	1,295,617	1,963,967	36,457,844	11,171,560	50,888,988
Pensions $51,851$ - $61,814$ $91,387$ $205,052$ OPEB $67,934$ $84,193$ $98,634$ $250,761$ Total deferred outflows of resources $119,785$ - $146,007$ $190,021$ $455,813$ Liabilities:Current liabilities (payable from current assets: $45,398$ 19 $82,641$ $36,080$ $164,138$ Accrued wages, benefits and vacation $31,922$ - $50,666$ $55,933$ $138,521$ Due to other funds $440,091$ - $86,919$ - $527,010$ Notes payable - current portion $24,831$ $48,409$ Current portion of obligations under capital leases $23,578$ $24,831$ $48,409$ Total current liabilities (payable from current assets) $540,989$ 19 $246,150$ $480,333$ $1,267,491$ Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets: $763,295$ $540,878$ $1,304,173$ Accrued interest $791,754$ $540,878$ $1,332,632$ Total current liabilities (payable from restricted assets) $791,754$ $540,878$ $1,332,632$ Noncurrent liabilities: $84,741$ $84,741$ $84,249$ $220,970$ Revenue bonds payable-noncurrent $84,741$ $84,249$ $220,970$ Revenue bonds payable-noncurrent $84,741$ $84,249$ $220,970$ Revenue bonds payable-noncurrent <td< td=""><td>Deferred Authlaws of Resources.</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Deferred Authlaws of Resources.					
OPEB $67,934$ $84,193$ $98,634$ $250,761$ Total deferred outflows of resources 119,785 - 146,007 190,021 455,813 Liabilities: Current liabilities (payable from current assets: $45,398$ 19 $82,641$ $36,080$ $164,138$ Accounds payable $45,398$ 19 $82,641$ $36,080$ $164,138$ Accrued wages, benefits and vacation $31,922$ - $50,666$ $55,933$ $138,521$ Due to other funds $440,091$ - $86,919$ - $527,010$ Notes payable - current portion - - $25,924$ $363,489$ $389,413$ Current portion of obligations under capital leases $23,578$ - - $24,831$ $48,093$ Current liabilities (payable from current assets) $540,989$ 19 $246,150$ $480,333$ $1,267,491$ Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets: - $763,295$ $540,878$ $1,304,173$ Accrued interest - - $791,754$ <td< td=""><td></td><td>51,851</td><td>-</td><td>61.814</td><td>91.387</td><td>205.052</td></td<>		51,851	-	61.814	91.387	205.052
Total deferred outflows of resources 119,785 - 146,007 190,021 455,813 Liabilities: Current liabilities (payable from current assets: 45,398 19 $82,641$ $36,080$ $164,138$ Accrued wages, benefits and vacation $31,922$ - $50,666$ $55,933$ $138,521$ Due to other funds $440,091$ - $86,919$ - $527,010$ Notes payable - current portion - 25,924 $363,489$ $389,413$ Current portion of obligations under capital leases $23,578$ - - $24,831$ $48,099$ Total current liabilities (payable from current assets) $540,989$ 19 $246,150$ $480,333$ $1,267,491$ Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets: - - $763,295$ $540,878$ $1,304,173$ Accrued interest - - $78,459$ - $28,459$ $28,459$ Total current liabilities: Obligations under capital leases-noncurrent - - $791,754$ $540,878$ $1,304,173$ Noncurrent liabilities: Obligations under capital leases-noncurrent - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td></td>				,		
Current liabilities (payable from current assets: 45,398 19 82,641 36,080 164,138 Accrued wages, benefits and vacation $31,922$ - $50,666$ $55,933$ $138,521$ Due to other funds $440,091$ - $86,919$ - $527,010$ Notes payable - current portion - - $25,924$ $363,489$ $389,413$ Current portion of obligations under capital leases $23,578$ - - $24,831$ $48,409$ Total current liabilities (payable from current assets) $540,989$ 19 $246,150$ $480,333$ $1,267,491$ Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets: - - $763,295$ $540,878$ $1,304,173$ Accrued interest - - $763,295$ $540,878$ $1,332,632$ Noncurrent liabilities (payable from restricted assets) - - $791,754$ $540,878$ $1,332,632$ Noncurrent liabilities: - - - $84,741$ $84,741$ $84,249$ $220,970$ Revenue bonds payable-noncurrent - - - $84,741$ $84,249$ <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>455,813</td>			-			455,813
Current liabilities (payable from current assets: 45,398 19 82,641 36,080 164,138 Accrued wages, benefits and vacation $31,922$ - $50,666$ $55,933$ $138,521$ Due to other funds $440,091$ - $86,919$ - $527,010$ Notes payable - current portion - - $25,924$ $363,489$ $389,413$ Current portion of obligations under capital leases $23,578$ - - $24,831$ $48,409$ Total current liabilities (payable from current assets) $540,989$ 19 $246,150$ $480,333$ $1,267,491$ Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets: - - $763,295$ $540,878$ $1,304,173$ Accrued interest - - $763,295$ $540,878$ $1,332,632$ Noncurrent liabilities (payable from restricted assets) - - $791,754$ $540,878$ $1,332,632$ Noncurrent liabilities: - - - $84,741$ $84,741$ $84,249$ $220,970$ Revenue bonds payable-noncurrent - - - $84,741$ $84,249$ <td>I ighilities:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	I ighilities:					
Accounts payable $45,398$ 19 $82,641$ $36,080$ $164,138$ Accrued wages, benefits and vacation $31,922$ - $50,666$ $55,933$ $138,521$ Due to other funds $440,091$ - $86,919$ - $527,010$ Notes payable - current portion $25,924$ $363,489$ $389,413$ Current portion of obligations under capital leases $23,578$ $24,831$ $48,409$ Total current liabilities (payable from current assets) $540,989$ 19 $246,150$ $480,333$ $1,267,491$ Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets: $763,295$ $540,878$ $1,304,173$ Accrued interest $28,459$ - $28,459$ Total current liabilities (payable from restricted assets) $791,754$ $540,878$ $1,304,173$ Noncurrent liabilities (payable from restricted assets) $791,754$ $540,878$ $1,304,173$ Accrued interest $28,459$ - $28,459$ - $28,459$ Total current liabilities (payable from restricted assets) $791,754$ $540,878$ $1,322,632$ Noncurrent liabilities: $84,741$ $84,741$ $84,249$ $220,970$ Revenue bonds payable-noncurrent $32,530,044$ $7,049,899$ $39,579,943$ Total noncurrent liabilities $253,620$ - $32,949,068$ $7,494,567$ $40,697,255$						
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Due to other funds $440,091$ - $86,919$ - $527,010$ Notes payable - current portion $25,924$ $363,489$ $389,413$ Current portion of obligations under capital leases $23,578$ $24,831$ $48,009$ Total current liabilities(payable from current assets) $540,989$ 19 $246,150$ $480,333$ $1,267,491$ Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets: $763,295$ $540,878$ $1,304,173$ Accrued interest $28,459$ - $28,459$ Total current liabilities (payable from restricted assets) $791,754$ $540,878$ $1,332,632$ Noncurrent liabilities: $84,741$ $84,741$ $84,741$ Accrued other post employment benefits $201,640$ - $334,283$ $275,678$ $811,601$ Net pension liability $51,980$ - $84,741$ $84,249$ $220,970$ Revenue bonds payable-noncurrent $32,530,044$ $7,049,899$ $39,579,943$ Total noncurrent liabilities $253,620$ - $32,949,068$ $7,494,567$ $40,697,255$	1.2		-			
Notes payable - current portion25,924 $363,489$ $389,413$ Current portion of obligations under capital leases $23,578$ $24,831$ $48,409$ Total current liabilities(payable from current assets) $540,989$ 19 $246,150$ $480,333$ $1,267,491$ Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets: Revenue bonds payable $763,295$ $540,878$ $1,304,173$ Accrued interest $28,459$ - $28,459$ - $28,459$ Total current liabilities (payable from restricted assets) $791,754$ $540,878$ $1,322,632$ Noncurrent liabilities: Obligations under capital leases-noncurrent Accrued other post employment benefits $201,640$ - $334,283$ $275,678$ $811,601$ Net pension liability $51,980$ - $84,741$ $84,249$ $220,970$ Revenue bonds payable-noncurrent $32,530,044$ $7,049,899$ $39,579,943$ Total noncurrent liabilities $253,620$ - $32,949,068$ $7,494,567$ $40,697,255$	•		_			
Current portion of obligations under capital leases $23,578$ $24,831$ $48,409$ Total current liabilities (payable from current assets) $540,989$ 19 $246,150$ $480,333$ $1,267,491$ Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets: Revenue bonds payable $763,295$ $540,878$ $1,304,173$ Accrued interest $28,459$ - $28,459$ - $28,459$ Total current liabilities (payable from restricted assets) $791,754$ $540,878$ $1,304,173$ Noncurrent liabilities: Obligations under capital leases-noncurrent Accrued other post employment benefits $201,640$ - $334,283$ $275,678$ $811,601$ Net pension liability Revenue bonds payable-noncurrent $32,530,044$ $7,049,899$ $39,579,943$ Total noncurrent liabilities $253,620$ - $32,949,068$ $7,494,567$ $40,697,255$			_		363 489	
Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets: Revenue bonds payable Accrued interest763,295 28,459540,878 28,4591,304,173 28,459Total current liabilities (payable from restricted assets)791,754540,8781,332,632Noncurrent liabilities: Obligations under capital leases-noncurrent Accrued other post employment benefits84,74184,741Accrued other post employment benefits201,640-334,283275,678811,601Net pension liability51,980-84,74184,249220,970Revenue bonds payable-noncurrent32,530,0447,049,89939,579,943Total noncurrent liabilities253,620-32,949,0687,494,56740,697,255		23,578				48,409
Revenue bonds payable763,295 $540,878$ $1,304,173$ Accrued interest $28,459$ - $28,459$ Total current liabilities (payable from restricted assets) $791,754$ $540,878$ $1,332,632$ Noncurrent liabilities:Obligations under capital leases-noncurrent $84,741$ $84,741$ Accrued other post employment benefits $201,640$ - $334,283$ $275,678$ $811,601$ Net pension liability $51,980$ - $84,741$ $84,249$ $220,970$ Revenue bonds payable-noncurrent $32,530,044$ $7,049,899$ $39,579,943$ Total noncurrent liabilities $253,620$ - $32,949,068$ $7,494,567$ $40,697,255$	Total current liabilities(payable from current assets)	540,989	19	246,150	480,333	1,267,491
Revenue bonds payable763,295 $540,878$ $1,304,173$ Accrued interest $28,459$ - $28,459$ Total current liabilities (payable from restricted assets) $791,754$ $540,878$ $1,332,632$ Noncurrent liabilities:Obligations under capital leases-noncurrent $84,741$ $84,741$ Accrued other post employment benefits $201,640$ - $334,283$ $275,678$ $811,601$ Net pension liability $51,980$ - $84,741$ $84,249$ $220,970$ Revenue bonds payable-noncurrent $32,530,044$ $7,049,899$ $39,579,943$ Total noncurrent liabilities $253,620$ - $32,949,068$ $7,494,567$ $40,697,255$	Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets)					
Accrued interest - - 28,459 - 28,459 Total current liabilities (payable from restricted assets) - - 791,754 540,878 1,332,632 Noncurrent liabilities: - - 791,754 540,878 1,332,632 Noncurrent liabilities: - - - 84,741 84,741 Accrued other post employment benefits 201,640 - 334,283 275,678 811,601 Net pension liability 51,980 - 84,741 84,249 220,970 Revenue bonds payable-noncurrent - - 32,530,044 7,049,899 39,579,943 Total noncurrent liabilities 253,620 - 32,949,068 7,494,567 40,697,255	4.	_	-	763 295	540 878	1 304 173
Total current liabilities (payable from restricted assets)791,754 $540,878$ $1,332,632$ Noncurrent liabilities: Obligations under capital leases-noncurrent Accrued other post employment benefits $84,741$ $84,741$ Accrued other post employment benefits201,640- $334,283$ $275,678$ $811,601$ Net pension liability51,980- $84,741$ $84,249$ $220,970$ Revenue bonds payable-noncurrent $32,530,044$ $7,049,899$ $39,579,943$ Total noncurrent liabilities $253,620$ - $32,949,068$ $7,494,567$ $40,697,255$		_	_		540,070	
Noncurrent liabilities: - - - 84,741 84,741 Obligations under capital leases-noncurrent 201,640 - 334,283 275,678 811,601 Accrued other post employment benefits 201,640 - 334,283 275,678 811,601 Net pension liability 51,980 - 84,741 84,249 220,970 Revenue bonds payable-noncurrent - - 32,530,044 7,049,899 39,579,943 Total noncurrent liabilities 253,620 - 32,949,068 7,494,567 40,697,255					540 878	
Obligations under capital leases-noncurrent - - - 84,741 84,741 Accrued other post employment benefits 201,640 - 334,283 275,678 811,601 Net pension liability 51,980 - 84,741 84,249 220,970 Revenue bonds payable-noncurrent - - 32,530,044 7,049,899 39,579,943 Total noncurrent liabilities 253,620 - 32,949,068 7,494,567 40,697,255				/ / 1, / J ⁻ T	210,070	1,552,052
Accrued other post employment benefits 201,640 - 334,283 275,678 811,601 Net pension liability 51,980 - 84,741 84,249 220,970 Revenue bonds payable-noncurrent - - 32,530,044 7,049,899 39,579,943 Total noncurrent liabilities 253,620 - 32,949,068 7,494,567 40,697,255					01711	01 711
Net pension liability 51,980 - 84,741 84,249 220,970 Revenue bonds payable-noncurrent - - 32,530,044 7,049,899 39,579,943 Total noncurrent liabilities 253,620 - 32,949,068 7,494,567 40,697,255	•	-	-	-		
Revenue bonds payable-noncurrent - - 32,530,044 7,049,899 39,579,943 Total noncurrent liabilities 253,620 - 32,949,068 7,494,567 40,697,255			-			
Total noncurrent liabilities 253,620 - 32,949,068 7,494,567 40,697,255		51,980	-			
	Revenue bonds payable-noncurrent			32,530,044	7,049,899	39,579,943
Total liabilities 794,609 19 33,986,972 8,515,778 43,297,378	Total noncurrent liabilities	253,620		32,949,068	7,494,567	40,697,255
	Total liabilities	794,609	19	33,986,972	8,515,778	43,297,378

Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Pensions	30,980	-	61,162	58,630	150,772
OPEB	76,085		105,511	67,797	249,393
Total deferred inflows of resources	107,065	-	166,673	126,427	400,165
Net Position:					
Net investment in capital assets	261,599	65,382	1,783,619	1,211,040	3,321,640
Restricted:					
Debt service	-	-	-	711,722	711,722
Depreciation and replacement	-	-	316,190	528,488	844,678
Capital acquisition	-	-	186,486	-	186,486
Unrestricted	252,129	1,898,566	163,911	268,126	2,582,732
Total net position	\$513,728	\$1,963,948	\$2,450,206	\$2,719,376	\$7,647,258

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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City of Elkins, West Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				S
	Sanitation	Landfill	Water	Sewer	Totals
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 1,366,859	\$ 182	\$ 3,314,127	\$ 1,961,506	\$ 6,642,674
Discounts and penalties	18,449	43	32,572	18,504	69,568
Lab analysis charges	-	-	-	355,807	355,807
Tap fees			5,055	3,600	8,655
Total operating revenues	1,385,308	225	3,351,754	2,339,417	7,076,704
Operating expenses:					
Personal services	445,449	-	777,883	725,782	1,949,114
Contractual services	521,610	1,510	159,746	27,702	710,568
Administrative and general	9,080	-	20,643	12,666	42,389
Rents	21,600	-	12,542	-	34,142
Miscellaneous	399	-	7,054	77,386	84,839
Fuel and oil	-	-	22,795	20,790	43,585
Liability insurance	16,449	4,935	16,449	16,449	54,282
Materials and supplies Utilities	75,605	-	526,058	196,691	798,354
Depreciation	6,766 60,880	184 24,587	230,949 1,211,743	100,768 383,096	338,667 1,680,306
Maintenance	14,770	24,387	1,211,743	383,090 113,871	321,874
Total operating expenses	1,172,608	31,216	3,179,095	1,675,201	6,058,120
Operating income (loss)	212,700	(30,991)	172,659	664,216	1,018,584
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Interest income	1,084	29,695	5,766	17,560	54,105
Miscellaneous income	17,465	1,249	16,862	15,138	50,714
Interest expense	(904)		(630,044)	(174,292)	(805,240)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	17,645	30,944	(607,416)	(141,594)	(700,421)
Changes in net position	230,345	(47)	(434,757)	522,622	318,163
Net position, beginning of the year	283,383	1,963,995	2,884,963	2,196,754	7,329,095
Net position, end of the year	\$ 513,728	\$ 1,963,948	\$ 2,450,206	\$ 2,719,376	\$ 7,647,258

City of Elkins, West Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Sanitation	Landfill	Water	Sewer	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers Cash received from tap fees Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees and for fringe benefits	\$ 1,383,787 0 (698,994) (481,588)	\$ 193 0 (6,622) 0	\$ 3,364,960 5,055 (1,111,144) (844,444)	\$ 2,351,114 3,600 (596,883) (776,655)	\$7,100,054 8,655 (2,413,643) (2,102,687)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	203,205	(6,429)	1,414,427	981,176	2,592,379
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: Transfer of monies to/from restricted cash Miscellaneous non-operating receipts	0 17,465	(29,512) 1,249	(370,386) 16,862	(73,736) 15,138	(473,634) 50,714
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	17,465	(28,263)	(353,524)	(58,598)	(422,920)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Principal payments - capital lease Interest paid Proceeds from issuance of debt and capital leases Purchases of assets Principal payments - bonds and notes payable	(34,749) (904) 0 (22,245) 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 (629,779) 1,804,180 (1,900,602) (752,797)	(24,268) (174,292) 341,481 (345,945) (563,758)	(59,017) (804,975) 2,145,661 (2,268,792) (1,316,555)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	(57,898)	0	(1,478,998)	(766,782)	(2,303,678)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received	1,084	29,695	5,766	17,560	54,105
Net cash provided by investing activities	1,084	29,695	5,766	17,560	54,105
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	163,856	(4,997)	(412,329)	173,356	(80,114)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year	725,309	139,117	538,063	259,825	1,662,314
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year	\$889,165	\$134,120	\$125,734	\$433,181	\$1,582,200
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	\$212,700	(\$30,991)	\$172,659	\$664,216	\$1,018,584
Depreciation expense	60,880	24,587	1,211,743	383,096	1,680,306
(Increase) decrease in operating assets and deferred outflows: Accounts receivable Inventory Deferred outflows - pension	(1,521) 0 (13,752) (52,485)	(32) 0 0	18,261 72,896 13,782	15,297 (8,660) (34,022) (78,164)	32,005 64,236 (33,992) (186,016)
Deferred outflows - OPEB Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities and deferred inflows: Accounts payable	(52,485) (32,715)	0 7	(55,367) 5,429	(78,164) (21,900)	(186,016) (49,179)
Accrued wages, benefits and vacation	4,811	0	4,976	6,377	16,164
Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Deferred inflows - pension Deferred inflows - OPEB	(19,337) 30,765 8,451 5,408	0 0 0 0	(56,768) 15,444 (4,506) 15,878	(23,132) 49,268 7,920 20,880	(99,237) 95,477 11,865 42,166
Total adjustments	(9,495)	24,562	1,241,768	316,960	1,573,795
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$203,205	(\$6,429)	\$1,414,427	\$981,176	\$2,592,379

City of Elkins, West Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2019

	Pension Trust Fund
Assets:	
Current assets:	
Segregated cash accounts	\$1,995,528
Segregated investments	3,484,434
Total assets	\$5,479,962
Net Position:	
Held in trust for pension benefits	5,479,962
Total net position	\$5,479,962

City of Elkins, West Virginia Statement of Changes in Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Pension Trust Fund	
Additions		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$	260,717
Employees		28,559
Premium surtax allocation		108,209
Total contributions		397,485
Investment income		354,210
Total additions		751,695
Deductions: General and administrative		83,919
Benefit payments		366,401
Total deductions		450,320
Changes in net position		301,375
Net position, beginning of the year		5,178,587
Net position, end of the year	\$	5,479,962

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- The City of Elkins, West Virginia is incorporated under the provisions of the State of West Virginia. The City is governed by an elected mayor and a ten member council, which provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), streets, sanitation, water, waste, recreation, education, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.
- The remainder of the notes are organized to provide explanations, including required disclosures, of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.
- The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the City are discussed below.

Basic Financial Statements – Government Wide Statements

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The City's police and fire protection, parks, public works and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The City's sanitation, water, sewer and landfill are classified as business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, (b) and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets, receivables, and deferred outflows of resources as well as long-term debt, obligations, and deferred inflows of resources. The City's net position is reported in three parts – net invested in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the City's functions and business-type activities (police, fire, public works, etc.). The functions are also supported by general government revenues (taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function (police, public works, etc.) or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue (taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.).

The City does not allocate indirect costs. An administrative service fee is charged by the General Fund to the other operating funds that is eliminated like a reimbursement (reducing the revenue and expense in the General Fund) to recover the direct costs of General Fund services provided (finance, personnel, purchasing, etc.).

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in the City's net assets resulting from the current year's activities.

(a) **Reporting Entity**

The City of Elkins is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and ten member council. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units as required by generally accepted accounting principles.

The services provided by the government and accounted for within these financial statements include law enforcement for the City, health and sanitation services, cultural and recreation programs, and other governmental services.

The City complies with GASB Statement No. 61, "*The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*". This statement established standards for defining and reporting component units in the financial statements of the reporting entity. It defines component units as legally separate organizations for which the component unit not only has a fiscal dependency on the reporting entity but also a financial benefit or burden relationship must be present between the reporting entity and the entity that is to be included as a component unit. In addition, an entity may be included as a component unit in the financial statements of the reporting entity's management determines that it would be misleading to exclude them.

Blended Component Units

The entities below are legally separate from the City and meet GAAP criteria for component units. These entities are blended with the primary government because they provide services entirely or almost entirely to the City.

The *Elkins Building Commission* serves the City of Elkins, West Virginia, and is governed by a board comprised of three members appointed by the City for a term of five years each. The Building Commission acquires property and debt on behalf of the City. The City of Elkins Building Commission is reported within the General Fund.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Discretely presented component units are entities which are legally separate from the City, but are financially accountable to the City, or whose relationship with the City is such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Because of the nature of services they provide and the City's ability to impose its will on them or a financial benefit/burden relationship exists, the following component units are discretely presented in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14 (as amended by GASB Statement No. 39). The discretely presented component units are presented on the government-wide statements.

The *Elkins Parks and Recreation Board* serves all citizens of the City of Elkins by providing recreational services and is governed by a five member board appointed by Council. The City provides financial support to the Board on an annual basis.

Jointly Governed Organizations

The City, in conjunction with the Randolph County Commission has created the Elkins-Randolph County Library and the Elkins-Randolph County Airport Authority. The Library Board is composed of five members with three appointed by the City and two appointed by the Randolph County Commission. The Airport Authority is composed of five members with two members appointed by the City of Elkins and three members from the Randolph County Commission. The City expended \$19,000 for an operating grant for the Airport Authority and \$19,000 for the Library Board for the fiscal year.

(b) Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information on all the nonfiduciary activities of the government. For the most part, the effect of internal activity has been removed from these statements. Government activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants whose purchase, use or direct benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the governmental-wide statements. Major individual funds are reported as separate columns in the fund statements.

(c) Funds – Fund Financial Statements

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types". Governmental funds are used to account for governmental activities, where the focus of attention is on the providing of services to the public as opposed to proprietary funds where the focus of attention is on recovering the cost of providing services to the public through service charges or user fees. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee or agency capacity. The fund types used by the City of Elkins are described as follows:

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus. Only current assets, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available resources during a given period.

General Fund: The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds: Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Project Funds: Capital project funds account for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects not being financed by proprietary or fiduciary trust funds.

The City of Elkins reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Coal Severance Tax fund*, a special revenue fund, accounts for revenues and expenditures from a severance tax placed on coal that is distributed to West Virginia municipalities.

The *Financial Stabilization Fund* accounts for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects not being financed by proprietary or fiduciary trust funds.

Proprietary Fund Types

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus; the accounting objectives are determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with a proprietary fund's activities are included on its balance sheet.

Enterprise Funds: Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Water fund* serves the citizens of the City of Elkins by providing water services to the community. This fund accounts for the receipts and expenses of operating this facility. The rates for user charges and bond issuance authorizations are approved by the government's elected council.

The *Sewer fund* services the citizens of the City of Elkins by providing sewer services to the community. This fund accounts for the receipts and expenses of operating this facility. The rates for user charges and bond issuance authorizations are approved by the government's elected council.

- The *Sanitation fund* serves the citizens of the City of Elkins by providing health and sanitation services, including garbage pickup, to the community. This fund accounts for the receipts and expenses of operating this facility. The rates for user charges are approved by the government's elected council.
- The *Landfill fund* had served the citizens of the City of Elkins by providing landfill services to the community. This fund accounts for the receipts and expenses of operating this facility. The Landfill is now closed. The rates for user charges and bond issuance authorizations are approved by the government's elected council.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the City in a trustee or agency capacity. Pension trust funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The *Pension Trust funds* account for the activities of the Public Safety Employees Retirement System, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified public safety employees. These funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as the proprietary funds, using the same measurement focus and basis of accounting.

(d) Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash on hand and deposits with banking institutions either in checking or savings accounts are presented as cash and cash equivalent in the accompanying financial statements.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in the State Investment Pool or the Municipal Bond Commission or to invest such funds in the following classes of securities: (a) obligations of the United States or any agency thereof, (b) certificates of deposit (which mature in less than one year), (c) general and direct obligations of the State of West Virginia, (d) obligations of the Federal National Mortgage Association, (e) indebtedness secured by first lien deed of trust for property situated within the State if the payment is substantially insured or guaranteed by the federal government, (f) pooled mortgage trusts (subject to limitations), (g) indebtedness of any private corporation that is properly graded as in the top two or three highest rating grades, (h) interest earning deposits which are fully insured or collateralized, and (i) mutual funds registered with the Security and Exchange Commission which have fund assets over three hundred million dollars. State statute limitations concerning the aforementioned investments include the following:

(1) at no time can investment portfolios consist of more than seventy-five percent of the indebtedness of any private corporations nor can the portfolio have over twenty-five percent of its portfolio consisting of the indebtedness of a private corporation's debt which matures in less than one year.

- (2) at no time may more than nine percent of the portfolio be invested in securities issued by a single private corporation or association.
- (3) at no time can more than sixty percent of the portfolio be invested in equity mutual funds.

Investment risk is categorized as follows:

Interest rate risk – The risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

Credit risk – The risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

Custodial credit risk – The risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the City will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

(e) Receivables

All receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectibles.

(f) Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to capital assets and long-term liabilities associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. The City of Elkins records the purchase of capital assets used in governmental fund type operations as expenditures in the governmental funds. The government-wide financial statements of the City of Elkins are accounted for on a cost of service or "capital maintenance" measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on the statement of net position.

- All proprietary funds and pension trust funds are accounted for on a cost of services or "capital maintenance" measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on the statement of net position. The reported fund equity (net position) is segregated into contributed capital and net position components. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net position.
- Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the statements of net assets. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Asset	Straight-line Years
Governmental Funds:	
Buildings & Improvements	20 to 50 years
Infrastructure	20 to 65 years
Machinery & Equipment	5 to 25 years
Vehicles	5 years
Proprietary Funds:	
Buildings	25 to 50 years
Improvements	10 to 20 years
Utility Plant	10 to 20 years
Equipment	5 to 25 years

(g) Basis of Accounting

Fund Financial Statements

Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

Taxes, grants and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Accrual Basis of Accounting

The accrual basis of accounting is used in proprietary fund types and the pension trust funds. The accrual basis of accounting recognized revenues when earned. Expenses are recorded when incurred. Plan member contributions to the pension trust funds are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the City has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds (when appropriate) and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year in which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

(h) Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

All municipalities within West Virginia, are required by statute to prepare annual budgets (levy estimates) on prescribed forms for the General and Coal Severance Funds and submit these for approval to the State Tax Commissioner. These budgets are prepared in accordance with the following procedures:

- 1. The governing body of the municipality is required to hold a meeting or meetings between the seventh and twenty-eighth days of March to ascertain the financial condition of the municipality and to prepare the levy estimate (budget) for the fiscal year commencing July 1.
- 2. The budget is then forthwith submitted to the State Tax Commissioner for approval.
- 3. The governing body then reconvenes on the third Tuesday in April to hear objections from the public and to formally lay the levy.

Revisions are authorized only with the prior written approval of the State Tax Commissioner. The budgeted amounts reflected in the accompanying financial statements are such approved amounts.

- A) Unused appropriations for all of the above annually budgeted funds lapse at the year end.
- B) The budget amounts shown in the financial statements are the final authorized amounts as revised during the year.

(i) Encumbrances – Fund Financial Statements

Encumbrances accounting is used for the General Fund and special revenue funds. Encumbrances are recorded when purchase orders are issued but are not considered expenditures until liabilities for payments are incurred. Encumbrances are reported as a reservation of fund balance on the balance sheet. Encumbrances do not lapse at the close of the fiscal year but are carried forward as restricted, committed or assigned fund balance until liquidated.

(j) Inventories

The City considers inventories of materials and supplies utilized in governmental fund types operations as expended at the time of purchase therefore, they do not appear in the City's financial statements. Inventories of materials and supplies utilized in the proprietary fund type operation, are considered expended at the time of consumption; therefore, balances on hand at year end, valued at cost (first-in, first-out) are presented in the City's financial statements.

(k) Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide financial statements consists of unpaid and accrued vacations. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for only employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments are included.

The City's accounting policies related to compensated absences are summarized below:

Accumulated Vacation

For governmental funds, the cost of accumulated vacation pay expected to be paid within the next twelve months is recorded as a fund liability. Any amount that is expected to be paid after twelve months should be reflected in the general longterm debt account; however, the City considers the entire vacation liability as a fund liability. For proprietary funds, the cost of vacation leave is recorded as a liability when earned.

(1) Pension Plans

The City provides separate defined benefit pension plans for uniformed police and fire department personnel. It is the City's policy to fund the normal cost and amortization of the unfunded prior service cost.

All other eligible employees are covered under the West Virginia Public Employee Retirement System due to the City's electing to be a participating public employer.

(m) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(n) Equity Classification

GASB Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions," established standards for accounting and financial reporting that are intended to improve the clarity and consistency of the fund balance information provided to financial report users. The classifications are based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which the amounts in those funds can be spent.

GASB 54 – "*Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*" – divided fund balance for governmental fund financial statements into five components:

- a. Nonspendable Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the City's code, state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.
- c. Committed Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by the City's council.
- d. Assigned Amounts that are designed by the City's council for a particular purpose but are not spendable until there is a majority vote approval by the City's council.
- e. Unassigned All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

Net Position Classifications:

GASB 63 – *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position* – divided net position for Government-wide net position into three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets consist of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and less any debt that remains outstanding that was used to finance those assets plus deferred outflows of resources less deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.
- b. Restricted net position consists of net position that is restricted by the City's creditors (for example through debt covenants), by the state enabling legislation (through restrictions on shared revenues), by grantors (both federal and state), and by other contributors.
- c. Unrestricted all other net position is reported in this category

(o) Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported as either loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

(p) Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the water and sewer enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain proceeds set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

(q) Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, the statement of financial position may report deferred outflows/inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. The City recorded a deferred outflow of resources for pensions and OPEB in the amounts of \$904,152 and \$336,364, respectively, as of June 30, 2019. The deferred outflows of resources related to the pension are explained in Note 6 and the deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB are explained in Note 9. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For 2019, the City reported a total of \$856,410 and \$456,808 of deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB, respectively, on the statement of financial position. The deferred inflows of resources related to the pension are explained in Note 6 and OPEB, respectively, on the statement of financial position. The deferred inflows of resources related to the pension are explained in Note 6 and OPEB, respectively, on the statement of financial position.

(r) Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

(s) Other Post-Employment Benefits

Net OPEB Liability – For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability and deferred outflows/inflows of the resources related to other post-employment benefits, and other post-employment benefit expenses, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan (OPEB) of the West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund (RHBTF) and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the RHBTF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Detailed information on the investment valuation can be found in the plans' financial statements.

2. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and net assets – governmental activities as reported on the government-wide statement of net assets. The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental fund and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government – wide statement of activities. The individual elements of those reconciliations are included with the statements.

3. Deposits and Investments

The City reporting entity considers highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Exceptions include the Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund and the Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund which classify only cash as cash equivalents in order to appropriately report investment activity.

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it.

It is the City's policy for deposits to be 100% secured by collateral valued at market or par, whichever is lower, less the amount of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance. The City's deposits are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the City at June 30, 2019. The categories are described as follows:

- Category 1 Insured or collateralized with securities held by the entity or by its agent in the entity's name.
- **Category 2** Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the entity's name.

Category 3 - Uncollateralized.

	Bank	Category	Carrying
	Balance	<u>1</u> <u>2</u>	<u>3</u> Amount
Primary Government	\$6,674,894	\$6,674,894 \$ - \$	- \$6,468,113
Component Unit	55,594	- 55,594	- 55,594
Total Deposits			\$6,523,707
	Bank	Cotocom	Comprise
	Dank	Category	Carrying
	Balance	<u>1</u> <u>2</u>	<u>3</u> Amount
Fiduciary Funds	\$ 43,672	\$ 43,672 \$ - \$	- \$ 43,672
Total Deposits			\$ 43,672

Investments and Restricted Assets

Investment pools are under the custody of the City. Investing is performed in accordance with investment policies complying with State Statutes and the City Charter. Pooled funds may be invested in the State Investment Pool or the Municipal Bond Commission for investment purposes, or invested in the following classes of securities: Commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements. The pension trust fund is also authorized to invest in corporate bonds rated AA or better by Standard & Poor's Corporation or AA or better by Moody's Bond Rating.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The tables on the following pages identify the City's recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019. All investments of the City are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Investments made by the City are summarized below. The investments that are represented by specific identifiable investment securities are classified as to credit risk by the three categories described below.

Category 1 - Insured or registered, securities held by the City or its agent in the entity's name.

- Category 2 Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the entity's name.
- Category 3 Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the entity's name.

	Category						Market		Unrecogniz	zed
	<u>1</u>	2	<u>2</u>		<u>3</u>		Value	Cost	Gain/(Los	s)
Restricted										
Municipal Bond Commission	\$ 983,988	\$	-	\$		-	\$ 983,988	\$ 983,988	\$	
	\$ 983,988	\$	-	\$		-	\$ 983,988	\$ 983,988	\$	-

Total deposits and investments are presented on the Statement of Net Position as follows:

Total deposits	\$	6,523,707
Investments - restricted		983,988
T (1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Φ.	7 507 (05
Total deposits and investments	\$	7,507,695
Statement of Net Position:		
Cash	\$	3,728,217
Restricted Assets		3,779,478
Total deposits and investments	\$	7,507,695

Fiduciary Funds

		Ca	ategory			Market			Unr	recognized
	<u>1</u>		<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>		Value		Cost	Ga	in/(Loss)
Investment Type										
Certificates of Deposit	\$1,951,856	\$	-	\$	-	\$1,951,856	5	1,944,930	\$	6,926
US Government Agencies	281,765		-		-	281,765		279,508		2,257
Mutual Funds	3,202,669		-		-	3,202,669		1,801,422		1,401,247
	\$ 5,436,290	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 5,436,290	5	4,025,860	\$	1,410,430

Credit Risk: State law limits investments in corporate debt to commercial paper rated AA or better by Standard & Poor's Corporation of AA or better by Moody's Bond Rating. It is the government's policy that no investment be purchased which does not conform to the State of West Virginia Code Chapter 8. As of June 30, 2019, the government's investments were rated using Standard & Poor's and Fitch and Moody's Investment Services.

Interest Risk: The pension investments are at risk of declines in market value due to interest rate risk.

Custodial Credit Risk: The City's investments were 100% insured by brokerage insurance and were not subject to custodial credit risk.

As of June 30, 2019, the City had the following investments:

		Credit Ris	k Rating
		Standard &	Moody's
	Fair	Poor's and	Investment
	Value	Fitch	Services
Investment Type			
Certificates of Deposit	\$1,951,856	N/A	N/A
US Government Agencies	281,765	AA	AA
Mutual Funds	3,202,669	Not Rated	Not Rated
	\$ 5,436,290		

Interest Rate Risk

As of June 30, 2019, the City had the following investments and maturities exposed to interest rate risk.

\$ 2,233,621 \$ 324,801 \$ 1,639,349 \$ 269,471 \$

		Fair	Less			More	
		Value	than 1	1-5	6-10	than 10	
Investment Type	-						
Certificates of Deposit	\$	1,951,856	\$ 324,801	\$ 1,537,055	\$ 90,000	\$	-
US Government Agencies		281,765	-	102,294	179,471		-

4. Accounts Receivable, Business-Type Activities

Accounts receivable and its allowance at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	<u>Sanitation</u>		<u>Landfill</u>		<u>Water</u>		<u>Sewer</u>
	<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>
Accounts receivable Less: Allowance for	\$	176,275	\$	3,839	\$	380,166	\$ 248,659
doubtful accounts		55,000		3,700		87,000	87,000
	\$	121,275	\$	139	\$	293,166	\$ 161,659

5. Property Taxes

The taxes on real property and the interest and other charges upon such taxes attach as an enforceable lien on the first day of July. There is no lien denominated as such on personal property; however, statutes provide that the sheriff of a county may distrain for delinquent taxes any goods and chattels belonging to a person assessed. All current taxes assessed on real and personal property may be paid in two installments; the first installment is payable on September first of the year for which the assessment is made, and becomes delinquent on October first, and the second installment is payable on the first day of the following March and becomes delinquent on April first. Taxes paid on or before the date when they are payable, including both first and second installments, are subject to a discount of two and one-half percent. If taxes are not paid on or before the date on which they become delinquent, including both first and second installments, interest at the rate of nine percent per annum is added from the date they become delinquent until paid.

All municipalities within the state are authorized to levy taxes not in excess of the following maximum levies per \$100 of assessed valuation: On Class I property, twelve and five-tenths cents (12.5ϕ) ; on Class II property, twenty-five cents (25.0ϕ) ; and on Class IV property, fifty cents (50.0ϕ) . In addition, municipalities may provide for an election to lay an excess levy, the rates not to exceed fifty percent of such authorized maximum levies, provided that at least sixty percent of the voters cast ballots in favor of the excess levy.

The levy rates levied by the City of Elkins, West Virginia, per \$100 of assessed valuation for each class of property for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 were as follows:

<u>Class of</u>	Assessed Valuations	<u>Cı</u>	urre n t
<u>Property</u>	<u>For Tax Purposes Expense</u>		
Class I	\$ -	\$	0.125
Class II	\$ 109,885,062	\$	0.250
Class IV	\$ 168,101,055	\$	0.500

6. Employee Retirement System – Single Employer Plans

Plan Description, Contribution Information, and Funding Policies

- The City of Elkins, West Virginia participates in two single employer, public employee retirement systems. Assets are held separately and may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of the respective plans, as follows:
- The Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund (PPRF) provides retirement benefits for substantially all full-time police employees hired before March 11, 2015. Unless otherwise indicated, PPRF information in this Note is provided as of the latest actuarial valuation, June 30, 2017 and projected to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.
- The Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund (FPRF) provides retirement benefits for substantially all full-time fire employees hired before March 11, 2015. Unless otherwise indicated, FPRF information in this Note is provided as of the latest actuarial valuation, June 30, 2017 and projected to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.
- The City is authorized in accordance with West Virginia State Code Section 8-22 to establish and maintain these plans.
 - The investment policies of the PPRF and the FPRF are established by the Board of Trustees and is subject to the limitations defined in West Virginia Code 8-22-22 and 8-22-22a. Additional information relating to the basis of accounting and reported investment values are in the respective sections of the Notes.

Memberships of the plans are as follows:

Group	PPRF	FPRF	Totals
Active Employees	5	3	8
Retirees & Beneficiaries currently receiving	14	2	12
benefits	11	2	13
— Total	16	5	21

These plans are defined benefit plans. The following is a summary of funding policies, contribution methods and benefit provisions for both plans.

Determination of

contribution requirements	The City finances benefits using the optional funding policy as defined in state statutes. City contributions are equal to the normal cost, net of employee contributions, plus an amortization of the unfunded actuarial liability net of the premium tax allocation applicable to the plan year. The amortization is based upon a 40-year closed amortization period, commencing on July 1, 1991, with level dollar payments for PPRF and commencing on July 1, 2010, with level dollar payments for FPRF. The plan also receives state contributions based on an allocation of premium tax that depends on the number of active and retired members. Projected sponsor, state and member contributions along with projected investment earnings are expected to fully fund the projected actuarial liability for current plan members by 2031 for PPRF and FPRF is fully funded as of year end.
Rate of employee contribution	7% of covered payroll for members hired prior to January 1, 2010. 9.5% of covered payroll for member hires after January 1, 2010.
Vesting period for normal retirement	Earlier of age 50 with 20 years of credited service or age 65.
Benefits	60% of average compensation, but not less than \$6,000, plus an additional percentage of average annual compensation for service over 20 years equal to 2% for each year of service between 20 and 25 and 1% for each year of service between 25 and 30 years. Employees serving in the military are eligible for an additional 1% of average annual compensation for each year of military service up to four years. The maximum benefit is limited to 75% of average annual compensation. Benefits continue for life.
Provisions for: Disability Benefits Death Benefits	Yes Yes

Actuarial Assumptions and Rate of Return

Actuarial Assumptions

- The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 and projected to the June 30, 2018 measurement date for both plans, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement. The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009, through July 1, 2014. Additional actuarial assumptions are disclosed in the Required Supplementary Information.
- The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments were determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate rates of expected future real rates of returns (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in in the pension plans' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2016 are summarized in the following chart:

Inflation rate	2.75% on first \$15,000 of Annual Benefit and on the accumulated supplemental pension amounts for prior years.
Salary increases	Service based increases ranging from 0% to 20% based on years of service
Investment Rate of Return	6.0% for PPRF and 6.5% for FPRF

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2014 two-dimensional mortality improvement scales.

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense was 6.00 percent for the PPRF and 6.50 percent for the FPRF. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	PPRF								
	Tot	al Pension	Plan	Fiduciary	Ne	t Pension			
		Liability	Net	Position		Liability			
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	5,296,956	\$	3,273,105	\$	2,023,851			
Service Cost		75,761		-		75,761			
interest Cost		299,227		-		299,227			
Difference in expected									
and actual experience		(175,666)		-		(175,666)			
Assumption Changes		-		-		-			
Contributions - Employer		-		311,259		(311,259)			
Contributions - Employee		-		19,671		(19,671)			
Net Investment Income		-		269,320		(269,320)			
Benefits Paid		(344,116)		(344,116)		-			
Other Changes		-		(8,698)		8,698			
Net Changes		(144,794)		247,436		(392,230)			
Balances At June 30, 2019	\$	5,152,162	\$	3,520,541	\$	1,631,621			

	FPRF					
	Total Pension		Pla	Plan Fiduciary		et Pension
		Liability		et Position		Liability
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	1,420,338	\$	1,489,384	\$	(69,046)
Service Cost		56,451		-		56,451
Interest Cost		90,841		-		90,841
Difference in expected and actual experience		(32,739)		-		(32,739)
Assumption Changes		-		-		-
Contributions - Employer		-		93,311		(93,311)
Contributions - Employee		-		13,684		(13,684)
Net Investment Income		-		103,069		(103,069)
Benefits Paid		(36,547)		(36,547)		-
Other Changes		-		(4,855)		4,855
Net Changes		78,006		168,662		(90,656)
Balances At June 30, 2019	\$	1,498,344	\$	1,658,046	\$	(159,702)

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.0 percent for PPRF and 6.5 percent for FPRF, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 - percentage-point lower (5.0 percent for PPRF and 5.5 percent for FPRF) or <math>1 - percentage point higher (7.0 percent for PPRF and 7.5 percent for FPRF) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	Current Interest Rate	<u>1% Increase</u>
	5.0% - PPRF	6.0% - PPRF	7.0% - PPRF
	5.5% - FPRF	6.5% - FPRF	7.5% - FPRF
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - PPRF	\$ 2,272,740	\$ 1,631,621	\$ 1,105,266
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - FPRF	\$ 64,960	\$ (159,702)	\$ (341,049)

At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PPRF and RPRF pensions from the following sources:

	PPRF	FPRF
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Changes of assumptions	\$ 109,207	\$ 44,929
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	315,544	53,381
Total	\$ 424,751	\$ 98,310
	PPRF	FPRF
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 244,364	\$ 167,603
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings	82,846	2,956
Changes of assumptions		48,958
Total	\$ 327,210	\$ 219,517

\$368,925 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	 PPRF	FPRF
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:		
2020	\$ (50,076) \$	(59,380)
2021	(61,688)	(95,625)
2022	(79,234)	(17,514)
2023	(27,005)	(2,069)
Total	\$ (218,003) \$	(174,588)

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued City of Elkins, West Virginia Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund and West Virginia Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund, GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68 Plan Reporting and Accounting Schedules. These reports can be obtained by visiting GRS Retirement Consulting at www.grsconsulting.com.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$118,209 related to PPRF and a gain of (\$21,079) related to RPRF.

Pension Trust Funds Financial Statements

	<u>Policemen's</u> Pension Trust	<u>Firemen's</u> <u>Pension Trust</u>
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>
Assets		
Segregated Cash	\$ 1,120,452	\$ 875,076
Segregated Investments	2,570,964	913,470
Total assets	\$ 3,691,416	\$ 1,788,546
Net Position		-
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$ 3,691,416	\$ 1,788,546
Total Net Position	\$ 3,691,416	\$ 1,788,546
Additions		
Contributions :	¢ 207 225	¢ 52.202
Employer	\$ 207,335	\$ 53,382
Employees	14,994	13,565
Premium surtax allocation	108,209	-
Total Contributions	\$ 330,538	\$ 66,947
Investment income	248,531	105,679
Total additions	579,069	172,626
Deductions		
General and administrative	71,751	12,168
Benefit payments	336,443	29,958
Total deductions	408,194	42,126
Net increase (decrease) in net position	170,875	130,500
Net position - beginning	3,520,541	1,658,046
Net position - ending	\$ 3,691,416	\$ 1,788,546

7. Capital Assets and Capital Assets Net of Depreciation

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	<u>Beginning</u>	-		<u>Ending</u>
	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance</u>
Nondepreciable Assets				
Land	\$ 81,000	\$-	\$-	\$ 81,000
Construction in progress	18,840	1,764	-	20,604
Total nondepreciable assets	99,840	1,764	-	101,604
Depreciable Assets				
Buildings & Improvements	3,196,470	63,360	-	3,259,830
Machinery & Equipment	3,376,580	159,986	-	3,536,566
Totals at historical cost	6,573,050	223,346		6,796,396
Less: Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings & Improvements	1,804,953	65,314	-	1,870,267
Machinery & Equipment	2,206,997	224,127	-	2,431,124
Total Accumulated depreciation	4,011,950	289,441	-	4,301,391
Total depreciable assets - net	2,561,100	(66,095)	-	2,495,005
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets - net	\$ 2,660,940	\$ (64,331)	\$-	\$ 2,596,609

Component Unit - Parks & Recreaction Fund	<u>Beginning</u>			Ending
	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance</u>
Nondepreciable Assets				
Land	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Construction in progress		-	-	
Total nondepreciable assets		-	-	
Depreciable Assets				
Buildings & Improvements	813,543	-	-	813,543
Machinery & Equipment	241,885	-	-	241,885
Totals at historical cost	1,055,428	-	-	1,055,428
Less: Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings & Improvements	290,660	36,710	-	327,370
Machinery & Equipment	167,520	13,167	-	180,687
Total Accumulated depreciation	458,180	49,877	-	508,057
Total depreciable assets - net	597,248	(49,877)	-	547,371
Parks & Recreation Fund:				
Capital assets - net	\$ 597,248	\$ (49 <i>,</i> 877)	\$-	\$ 547,371

Business-Type Activities Landfill	<u>Beginning</u> <u>Balance</u> Add		Additions Deletions		<u>Ending</u> Balance		
Nondepreciable Assets							
Land	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Construction in progress		-		-	-		-
Total nondepreciable assets		-		-	-		
Depreciable Assets							
Structures & Improvements		42,600		-	-		42,600
Machinery & Equipment	1,3	304,693		-	-	1,	304,693
Landfill Cell	2,9	918,670		-	-	2,	918,670
Totals at historical cost	4,2	265,963		-	-	4,	265,963
Less: Accumulated depreciation:							
Structures & Improvements		42,600		-	-		42,600
Machinery & Equipment	1,2	214,724		24,587	-	1,	239,311
Landfill Cell	2,9	918,670		-	-	2,	918,670
Total Accumulated depreciation	4,1	L75,994		-	-	4,	200,581
Total depreciable assets - net		89,969		-	-		65,382
Landfill Fund:							
Capital assets - net	\$	89,969	\$	-	\$ -	\$	65,382

Business-Type Activities	Beginning			<u>Ending</u>
Sanitation	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Additions Deletions	
Nondepreciable Assets				
Land	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Construction in progress	-	-	-	-
Total nondepreciable assets	-	-	-	-
Depreciable Assets				
Structures & Improvements	-	-	-	-
Machinery & Equipment	1,343,940	22,245	-	1,366,185
Totals at historical cost	1,343,940	22,245	-	1,366,185
Less: Accumulated depreciation:				
Structures & Improvements	-	-	-	-
Machinery & Equipment	1,020,129	60,879	-	1,081,008
Total Accumulated depreciation	1,020,129	60,879	-	1,081,008
Total depreciable assets - net	323,811	(38,634)	-	285,177
Sanitation Fund:				
Capital assets - net	\$ 323,811	\$ (38,634)	\$-	\$ 285,177

Business-Type Activities

<u>Sewer</u>

	<u>Beginning</u> <u>Balance</u>	Additions	Deletions	<u>Ending</u> <u>Balance</u>
Nondepreciable Assets				
Land	57,034	-	-	57,034
Construction in Progress	66,940	157,953	-	224,893
Total nondepreciable assets	123,974	157,953	-	281,927
Structures and Improvements	10,625,991	-	-	10,625,991
Collecting System	7,106,239	-	-	7,106,239
Pumping System	594,661	-	-	594,661
Treatment and Disposal System	2,617,308	-	-	2,617,308
General Plant	1,215,009	187,992	-	1,403,001
Totals at historical cost	22,159,208	187,992	-	22,347,200
Less: Accumulated depreciation				
Structures and Improvements	(6,238,646)	(161,433)	-	(6,400,079)
Collecting System	(2,650,700)	(164,756)	-	(2,815,456)
Pumping System	(592,194)	(442)	-	(592 <i>,</i> 636)
Treatment and Disposal System	(2,370,486)	(19,174)	-	(2,389,660)
General Plant	(1,119,127)	(37,291)		(1,156,418)
Totals Accumulated depreciation	(12,971,153)	(383,096)	-	(13,354,249)
Total depreciable assets - net	9,188,055	(195,104)	-	8,992,951
Sewer Fund:				
Capital assets - net	9,312,029	(37,151)	-	9,274,878

Business-Type Activities	<u>Beginning</u>			<u>Ending</u>
Water	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance</u>
Nondepreciable Assets				
Land	\$ 9,766	\$-	\$-	\$ 9,766
Construction in progress	-	-	-	-
Total nondepreciable assets	9,766	-	-	9,766
Depreciable Assets				
Structures & Improvements	20,009,016		-	20,343,453
Treatment & Distribution System	21,488,944	318,077	-	21,807,021
Collecting System	-	-	-	-
Pumping System	-	-	-	-
Treatment & Disposal System	-	-	-	-
General Plant	-	-	-	-
Machinery & Equipment	796,247	-	-	796,247
Landfill Cell		-	-	-
Totals at historical cost	42,294,207	652,514	-	42,946,721
Less: Accumulated depreciation:				
Structures & Improvements	2,860,255	392,210	-	3,252,465
Treatment & Distribution System	3,055,367	791,655	-	3,847,022
Collecting System	-	-	-	-
Pumping System	-	-	-	-
Treatment & Disposal System	-	-	-	-
General Plant	-	-	-	-
Machinery & Equipment	726,241	27,877	-	754,118
Landfill Cell	-	-	-	-
Total Accumulated depreciation	6,641,863	1,211,742	-	7,853,605
Total depreciable assets - net	35,652,344	(559,228)) -	35,093,116
Water Fund:				
Capital assets - net	\$ 35,662,110	\$ (559,228)	\$-	\$ 35,102,882

Business-Type Activities

Total Enterprise

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Nondepreciable Assets				
Land	66,800	-	-	66,800
Construction in Progress	66,940	157,953	-	224,893
Total nondepreciable assets	133,740	157,953	-	291,693
Depreciable Assets				
Structures and Improvements	30,677,607	334,437	-	31,012,044
Collecting System	7,106,239	-		7,106,239
Pumping System	594,661	-		594,661
Treatment and Distribution System	21,488,944	318,077	-	21,807,021
Treatment and Disposal System	2,617,308	-	-	2,617,308
General Plant	1,215,009	187,992	-	1,403,001
Machinery and Equipment	3,444,880	22,245	-	3,467,125
Landfill Cell	2,918,670	-		2,918,670
Totals at historical cost	70,063,318	862,751	-	70,926,069
Less: Accumulated depreciation				
Structures and Improvements	(9,141,501)	(553,643)	-	(9,695,144)
Collecting System	(2,650,700)	(164,756)	-	(2,815,456)
Pumping System	(592,194)	(442)	-	(592,636)
Treatment and Distribution System	(3,055,367)	(791,655)	-	(3,847,022)
Treatment and Disposal System	(2,370,486)	(19,174)	-	(2,389,660)
General Plant	(1,119,127)	(37,291)	-	(1,156,418)
Machinery and Equipment	(2,961,094)	(113,343)	-	(3,074,437)
Landfill Cell	(2,918,670)	-	-	(2,918,670)
Total Accumulated depreciation:	(24,809,139)	(1,680,304)	-	(26,489,443)
Total depreciable assets - net	45,254,179	(817,553)	-	44,436,626
Total Business-Type Activities:				
Capital assets - net	45,387,919	(659,600)	-	44,728,319

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Highways & Streets Culture & Recreation	57,742 11,742
Health & Sanitation	 -
Total depreciation expense	\$ 289,441

8. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance at 06/30/18	Additions	Reductions	Balance at 06/30/19	Amounts Due in One Year	Amounts Due after One Year
Governmental Activities:						
Notes Payable	\$ 392,398	\$ -	\$ (62,785)	\$ 329,613	\$ 64,221	\$ 265,392
Revenue Bonds Payable	299,006	-	(33,848)	265,158	32,202	232,956
Net Pension Liabilities *	2,316,209	-	(821,856)	1,494,353	-	1,494,353
Other Post-employment Benefit						
(OPEB) Liabilities	1,058,619		(185,846)	872,773		872,773
Subtotal Governmental Activities	4,066,232		(1,104,335)	2,961,897	96,423	2,865,474
Business-type Activities:						
Capital Lease Obligations	192,167	-	(59,017)	133,150	48,409	84,741
Notes Payable	86,870	341,481	(38,938)	389,413	389,413	-
Revenue Bonds Payable	40,357,553	1,804,180	(1,277,617)	40,884,116	1,304,173	39,579,943
Net Pension Liabilities *	320,207	-	(99,237)	220,970	-	220,970
Other Post-employment Benefit						
(OPEB) Liabilities	716,124	95,477		811,601		811,601
Subtotal Business-type Activities	41,672,921	2,241,138	(1,474,809)	42,439,250	1,741,995	40,697,255
Total	\$45,739,153	\$2,241,138	(\$2,579,144)	\$45,401,147	\$1,838,418	\$43,562,729

* During 2019 changes in actuarial calculations resulted in a net pension asset for two of the pension systems in the amount of \$159,702 which is not included in the above schedule, but is reported on the Statement of Net Position.

Capital Leases:

BB&T Governmental Finance

The Sewer Fund of the City of Elkins entered into a lease agreement on September 27, 2016 to finance the acquisition of sewer aeration equipment. This lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments as of the date of its inception. The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments required under this capital lease and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2019:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		
	2020	\$ 27,081
	2021	27,081
	2022	27,081
	2023	27,081
	2024	4,512
Total		112,836
Less: Amount Representing Interest		(3,264)
Present value of future minimum lease payments		109,572
Less: Current portion		(24,831)
Noncurrent portion		\$ 84,741

BB & T Governmental Finance

The Sanitation Fund of the City of Elkins entered into a lease agreement on February 12, 2015 to finance the acquisition of a 2015 International Garbage Truck. This lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments as of the date of its inception. The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments required under this capital lease and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2019:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		
	2020	\$ 23,762
Total		23,762
Less: Amount Representing Interest		(184)
Present value of future minimum lease p	ayments	23,578
Less: Current portion		(23,578)
Noncurrent portion		\$ -

Lease Revenue Bond, Series 2006

3.50%, Lease Revenue Bond due 7/10/2006. Monthly payments are

\$3,484. Secured by real estate.

\$ 265,158 Future debt maturity retirement based on current financing arrangements is as follows:

	<u>Total</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,			
2020	\$ 41,805	32,202	9,603
2021	\$ 41,805	33,447	8,358
2022	\$ 41,805	34,740	7,065
2023	\$ 41,805	36,084	5,721
2024	\$ 41,805	37,479	4,326
2025-2027	\$ 93,792	91,206	2,586
	\$ 302,817	\$ 265,158	\$ 37,659

Sewer Revenue Bonds - Bond Issue of 2009-Series A

0.00% interest, Sewer Revenue Bonds due 9/1/2040. Quarterly payments are \$7,361. Secured by physical assets and revenue of the sewerage system.

\$ <u>625,135</u>

Future debt maturity retirement based on current financing arrangements is as follows:

	<u>Total</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,			
2020	\$ 29,444	\$ 29,444	\$-
2021	29,444	29,444	-
2022	29,444	29,444	-
2023	29,444	29,444	-
2024	29,444	29,444	-
2025-2029	147,220	147,220	-
2030-2034	147,220	147,220	-
2035-2039	147,220	147,220	-
2040-2041	36,255	36,255	-
	\$ 625,135	\$ 625,135	\$-

Sewer Revenue Bonds - Bond Issue of 2006

2.00%, Sewer Revenue Bonds due 9/1/2028. Quarterly payments are \$130,518. Secured by physical assets and revenue of the sewerage system.

\$ <u>4,385,057</u>

Future debt maturity retirement based on current financing arrangements is as follows:

		<u>Total</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30,</u>				
2020	Ş	\$ 522,072	\$ 428,989	\$ 93,083
2021		522,072	446,177	75,895
2022		522,072	455,168	66,904
2023		522,072	464,340	57,732
2024		522,072	473,695	48,377
2025-2029		2,206,779	2,116,688	90,091
		\$ 4,817,139	\$ 4,385,057	\$ 432,082

Sewer Revenue Bonds – Supplemental Subordinate Bond Issue of 1986

0.00% interest, Sewer Revenue Bonds due 10/1/2025. Annual payments are \$12,925. Secured by physical assets and revenue of the sewerage system.

\$ <u>90,475</u>

Future debt maturity retirement based on current financing arrangements is as follows:

	-	<u>Total</u>	Pr	incipal	Inte	rest
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,						
2020	\$	12,925	\$	12,925	\$	-
2021		12,925		12,925		-
2022		12,925		12,925		-
2023		12,925		12,925		-
2024		12,925		12,925		-
2025-2026		25,850		25,850		-
	\$	90,475	\$	90,475	\$	-

Sewer Revenue Bonds - Bond Issue of 2015-Series 2015 A

1.00% interest, Sewer Revenue Bonds due 3/1/2055. Quarterly payments will be \$21,765. Secured by physical assets and revenue of the sewerage system.

<u>\$ 2,490,110</u>

Future debt maturity retirement based on current financing arrangements is as follows:

	Tot	tal <u> </u>	Principal		terest
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,					
2020	\$8	37,058 \$	61,146	\$	25,912
2021	8	37,058	61,760		25,298
2022	8	37,058	62,380		24,678
2023	8	37,057	63,005		24,052
2024	8	37,059	63,639		23,420
2025-2029	43	5,287	329,702		105,585
2030-2034	43	5,287	344,693		90,594
2035-2039	43	5,287	362,346		72,941
2040-2044	43	5,287	382,452		52,835
2045-2049	43	5,287	358,977		76,310
2050-2054	43	5,287	335,034		100,253
2055-2056	6	5,301	64,976		325
	\$ 3,11	2,313 \$	2,490,110	\$	622,203

Water Revenue Bonds - Bond Issue of 2017-Series 2015 A-1

2.625% interest, Water Revenue Bonds due 12/9/2055. Monthly payments are estimated to be \$27,760. Secured by physical assets and revenue of the water system.

\$ 7,811,555

<u>\$7,323,325</u>

The authorized bond issue amount to be drawn down is \$8,000,000; The project was completed during 2019; however, no amortization schedule was available, so none is shown below.

Water Revenue Bonds - Bond Issue of 2017-Series 2015 A-2

2.625% interest, Water Revenue Bonds due 12/9/2055. Monthly payments are estimated to be \$26,025. Secured by physical assets and revenue of the water system.

The authorized bond issue amount to be drawn down is \$7,500,000; The project was completed during 2019; however, no amortization schedule was available, so none is shown below.

Water Revenue Bonds - Bond Issue of 2018-Series 2015 B

2.625% interest, Water Revenue Bonds due 12/9/2055.Monthly payments are estimated to be \$21,074. Securedby physical assets and revenue of the water system.\$3,719,657

The authorized bond issue amount to be drawn down is \$6,073,000; The project was completed during 2019; however, no amortization schedule was available, so none is shown below.

Water Revenue Bonds – Bond Issue of 2017-Series 2015 C

1.00% interest, Water Revenue Bonds due 12/1/2055. Quarterly payments are estimated to be \$122,920. Secured by physical assets and revenue of the water system.

\$14,438,802

The authorized bond issue amount to be drawn down is \$15,500,000; The project was completed during 2019; however, no amortization schedule was available, so none is shown below.

Sewer Fund – Davis Trust Note - Vehicle

The Sewer Fund acquired \$55,977 in notes payable which had been issued during 2016 to finance the purchase of a 2016 Ford F550 truck. The note was issued at a 2.56% interest rate. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2019 was \$8,501.

Sewer Fund – Vehicle with camera

The Sewer Fund acquired \$178,046 in notes payable which had been issued during 2019 to finance the purchase of a 2018 Ford van and camera. The note was issued at a 3.16% interest rate. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2019 was \$160,614.

Sewer Fund – Line of Credit

The Sewer Fund acquired \$31,044 and an additional \$163,435 in notes payable during 2019 as a Line of Credit. The note was issued at a 2.54% interest rate. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2019 was \$194,374.

Water Fund – Vehicle

The Water Fund acquired \$36,516 in notes payable during 2017 to finance the purchase of a 2017 Ford F550 truck. The note was issued at a 2.64% interest rate. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2019 was \$25,924.

General Fund - Vehicle - Police

The General Fund acquired \$32,935 in notes payable during 2017 to finance the purchase of a 2018 Ford Explorer. The note was issued at a 1.98 % interest rate. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2019 was \$23,374.

General Fund – Vehicle - Police

The General Fund acquired \$32,935 in notes payable during 2017 to finance the purchase of a 2018 Ford Explorer. The note was issued at a 1.98% interest rate. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2019 was \$23,374.

General Fund – Vehicle - Fire

The General Fund acquired \$333,634 in notes payable during 2017 to finance the purchase of a 2018 International fire truck. The note was issued at a 1.98% interest rate. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2019 was \$265,824.

General Fund – Software - Court

The General Fund acquired \$25,000 in notes payable during 2017 to finance the purchase of a UCC computer software. The note was issued at a 2.82% interest rate. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2019 was \$17,041.

Short-term Note Payable - General Fund - Vehicle - Streets

The General Fund acquired \$47,265 in notes payable during 2018 to finance the purchase of a 2017 Ford F550 truck. The note was issued at a 2.64% interest rate. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2019 was \$29,838.

Short-term Note Payable - General Fund - Vehicle

The General Fund acquired \$32,441 in notes payable during 2018 to finance the purchase of a 2017 Ford F250 truck. The note was issued at a 2.64% interest rate. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2019 was \$20,430.

9. Employees Retirement System

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability has been disclosed below. The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions.

Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the City's proportionate share of the pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension liability on the accrual basis of accounting.

Public Employee Retirement System (PERS)

The City participates in a statewide, cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan on behalf of the City employees. The system is administered by agencies of the State of West Virginia and funded by contributions from participants, employers, and State appropriations, as necessary.

The City's cost-sharing multiple employer plan is administered by the Consolidated Public Retirement Board (CPRB), which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for all of the participating employers. CPRB issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CPRB website at www.wvretirement.com. The following is a summary of eligibility factors, contribution methods, and benefit provisions:

Eligibility to participate	All City full-time employees, except those covered by other pension plans
Authority establishing contribution obligations and benefit provisions:	State statute
Plan member's contribution rate:	4.50% for employees hired before July 1, 2015 and 6.00% for employees hired after July 1, 2015.
City's contribution rate:	10.00%
Period required to vest:	5 years
Benefits and eligibility for distribution:	A member hired on or before July 1, 2015 who has attained age 60 and has earned 5 years or more of contributing service or age 55 if the sum of his/her age plus years of credited service is equal to or greater than 80. A member hired after July 1, 2015 who has attained age 62 and has earned 10 or more years of contributing service. For members hired on or before July 1, 2015, the calculation for final average salary (three highest consecutive years in the last 15) times the years of service times 2% equals the annual retirement benefit. For members hired after July 1, 2015, the calculation for final average salary (60 highest consecutive months in the last 15) times the years of service times 2% equals the annual retirement benefit.
Deferred retirement portion	No
Provision for:	
Cost of living	No
Death benefits	Yes

PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That information may be obtained by writing to the Public Employees Retirement System, 4101 MacCorkle Avenue, SE, Charleston, WV 25304.

Net Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At fiscal year-end, the City reported the following liabilities for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liabilities was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liabilities was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating governments, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the City reported the following proportions and increase/decreases from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018:

		PERS
Proportionate Share of the Net		
Pension Liability	\$	403,106
Proportion of the Net Pension		
Liability - Current Year	0	.156090%
Proportion of the Net Pension		
Liability - Prior Year	0	.157910%
% Change in Proportion of the		
Net Pension Liability	-0	.001820%
Pension Expense	\$	50,197

At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 PERS
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 20,000
Changes in proportion and differences between City	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	98,100
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 262,991
Total	\$ 381,091
	 _
	 PERS
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	 PERS
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ PERS 997
	\$
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 997

\$262,991 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		PERS
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:		
2020	\$	42,853
2021		(32,210)
2022		(162,502)
2023		(39,724)
	•	(101 500)
	\$	(191,583)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017 and rolled forward to June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Public Employees Retirement System

Inflation rate	3.0%
Salary increases	3.35% - 6.0%
Investment rate of return	7.50%
Withdrawal rate	2.00% - 35.88%
Disability rate	0.007% - 0.675%
Retirement rate	12% - 100%

Mortality RatesActive - 100% of R.P.-2000 Non-annuitant, Scale AA fully generational
Retired Healthy males - 110% of R.P. 2000 Non-annuitant, Scale AA fully generational
Retired Healthy females - 101% of R.P. 2000 Non-annuitant, Scale AA fully generational
Disabled males - 96% of R.P. 2000 Disabled Annuitant, Scale AA fully generational
Disabled females - 107% of R.P. 2000 Disabled Annuitant, Scale AA fully generational

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 PERS valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments were determined using a building-block method in which estimates of expected real rates of returns (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Domestic		
Equity	27.50%	4.5%
International		
Equity	27.50%	8.6%
Fixed Income		
Securities	15.00%	3.3%
Real Estate	10.00%	6.0%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.4%
Hedge Funds	10.00%	4.0%
Total	100.00%	

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rates assumed that employer contributions will continue to follow the current funding policies. Based on those assumptions, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rates of return on pension plan investments were applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liabilities of each plan.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 - percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or <math>1 - percentage point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Interest Rate	1% Increase
	6.5%	7.5%	8.5%
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Asset (Liability)	\$1,623,388	\$403,106	(\$629,236)

Pension plans' fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board (WVCPRB) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. That report can be obtained by visiting the WVCPRB website at <u>www.wvretirement.com</u>.

Other Post Employment Benefits

Plan description. The City contributes to the West Virginia Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (the Plan), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan. The financial activities of the Plan are accounted for in the West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund (RHBT), a fiduciary fund of the State of West Virginia. The Plan is administered by a combination of the West Virginia Public Employees Insurance Agency (PEIA) and the RHBT staff. Plan benefits are established and revised by PEIA and the RHBT management with approval of the Finance Board. The Finance Board is comprised of nine members. Finance Board members are appointed by the Governor, serve a term of four years and are eligible for reappointment. The State Department of Administration cabinet secretary serves as Chairman of the Board. Four members represent labor, education, public employees and public retirees. The four remaining members represent the public at large. The Plan had approximately 43,000 policyholders and 64,000 covered lives at June 30, 2018. The RHBT audited financial statements and actuarial reports can be found on the PEIA website at www.peia.wv.gov. You can also submit your questions in writing to the West Virginia Public Employees Insurance Agency, 601 57th. Street, SE, Suite 2, Charleston, WV, 25304.

Benefits provided. The Plan provides medical and prescription drug insurance and life insurance. The medical and prescription drug insurance is provided through two options: 1) Self-Insured Preferred Provider Benefit Plan (primarily for non-Medicare-eligible retirees and spouses) and 2) External Managed Care Organizations (primarily for Medicare-eligible retirees and spouses).

Contributions. Paygo premiums are established by the Finance Board annually. All participating employers are required by statute to contribute this premium to the RHBT at the established rate for every active policyholder per month. The active premiums subsidized the retirees' health care by approximately \$149 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Contributions to the OPEB plan from the City were \$165,206 for the current fiscal year.

Net OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The projections of the net OPEB liability are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The projection of the net OPEB liability does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost-sharing between the employer and plan members in the future. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial estimated liabilities and the actuarial value of assets,

consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. However, the preparation of any estimate of future post-employment costs requires consideration of a broad array of complex social and economic events. Future changes in the healthcare reform, changes in reimbursement methodology, the emergence of new and expensive medical procedures and prescription drugs option, changes in the investment rate of return and other matters increase the level of uncertainty of such estimates. As such, the estimate of post- employment program costs contains considerable uncertainty and variability and actual experience may vary significantly by the current estimated net OPEB liability.

At fiscal year-end, the City reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the City. The amount recognized by the City as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the City were as follows:

Government's proportionate share of the	
net OPEB liability	\$1,684,374
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB	
liability associated with the government	406,245
	\$2,090,619

The net OPEB liability reported as of June 30, 2019 was measured as of June 30, 2017 and rolled forward to June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share as well as the OPEB expense:

0.078509651%
0.072173901%
0.006335750%
\$1,684,374
\$66,344

At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources Difference from a change in proportion	\$171,158
City contributions subsequent to the	
measurement date	165,206
Total	<u>\$336,364</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual	
economic experience	\$ 24,915
Difference from a change in proportion	232,533
Changes of assumptions	168,182
Differences between projected and	
actual investment earnings	31,178
Total	<u>\$456,808</u>

\$165,206 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending J	une 30:
2020	\$ (97,516)
2021	(97,516)
2022	(77,425)
2023	(13,193)
Total	<u>\$(285,650)</u>

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, rolled forward to June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	Dependent upon pension system ranging from
	3.00% to 6.00%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.15%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
	expense, including inflation

Healthcare cost trend rates	Actual trend used for fiscal year 2018. For fiscal years on and after 2019, trend starts at 8.00% and 10.00% for pre and post-Medicare, respectively, and gradually decreases to an ultimate trend of 4.50%. Excess trend rate of 0.13% and 0.00% for pre and post-Medicare, respectively, is added to healthcare trend rates pertaining to per capita claims costs beginning in 2022 to account for the Excise Tax.
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal Cost Method
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll over a 20 year closed period
Remaining amortization period	20 years closed as of June 30, 2017

Post-Retirement Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis for PERS and Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected with scale MP-2016 on a fully generational basis for Troopers A and B. Pre-Retirement: RP-2000 Non-Annuitant Mortality Table projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis for PERS and TRS. RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table projected with Scale MP-2016 on a fully generational basis for Troopers A and B.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2015.

Certain assumptions have been changed since the prior measurement date. The assumption changes that most significantly impacted the Net OPEB Liability are as follows: the inclusion of waived annuitants increased the liability by approximately \$17 million; a 15% reduction in the retirement rate assumption decreased the liability by approximately \$68 million; a change in certain healthcare-related assumptions decreased the liability by approximately \$232 million; and an update to the mortality tables increased the liability by approximately \$25 million. Certain other assumption changes were noted but did not materially impact the Net OPEB Liability.

The long-term rates of return on OPEB plan investments are determined using a building-block method in which estimates of expected future real rates of returns (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and by adding expected inflation. The strategic asset allocation consists of 55% equity, 15% fixed income, 10% private equity, 10% hedge fund and 10% real estate invested. Short-term assets used to pay current year benefits and expenses are invested with the WVBTI. Best estimates of long-term geometric rates are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
Large Cap Domestic	17.0%
Non-Large Cap Domestic	22.0%
International Qualified	24.6%
International Non-Qualified	24.3%
International Equity	26.2%
Short-Term Fixed	0.5%
Total Return Fixed Income	6.7%
Core Fixed Income	0.1%
Hedge Fund	5.7%
Private Equity	19.6%
Real Estate	8.3%
Opportunistic Income	4.8%
Cash	0.0%

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that RHBT contributions would be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates, in accordance with prefunding and investment policies. The OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. Discount rates are subject to change between measurement dates.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the RHBT, as well as what the RHBT's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.15%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.15%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.15%)	(7.15%)	(8.15%)
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB liability	\$1,979,647	\$1,684,374	\$1,438,233

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Plan, as well as what the Plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or higher than the current rates:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	Healthcare Cost <u>Trend Rates</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>	
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB liability	\$1,393,729	\$1,684,374	\$2,038,516	

10. Interfund Balances

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	Due	e from (to)						
	<u>Co</u>	mponent	<u>[</u>	Due from	Du	ue to Other	Du	e from (to)
	<u>Unit</u>		Other Funds		<u>Funds</u>		General Fund	
General Fund	\$	765	\$	416,321	\$	174,671	\$	18,750
Financial Stabilization Fund		-		262,485		-		-
Sanitation Fund		-		-		440,091		-
Water Fund		-		22,875		86,919		-
Parks & Recreation - Component Unit		(18,750)		-		-		(765)
	ć	(17,985)	Ś	701,681	\$	701,681	Ś	17,985
	Ý	(17,905)	Ļ	,01,001	ې	,01,081	Ļ	17,905

11. Restricted Assets

Certain enterprise fund assets are restricted for repayment of long-term debt and for capital expenditures.

	 <u>Business-type</u> <u>Activities</u>	
Reserve account	\$ 838,926	
Revenue account	145,062	
Depreciation account	663,898	
Renewal and replacement account	367,266	
Landfill escrow	 1,764,326	
	\$ 3,779,478	

12. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

The City turned over certain obligations related to the closure and post-closure costs of the landfill to the State of West Virginia. The City is still required to maintain trust funds which originally were established to fund closure and postclosure care. The balances of \$1,715,837 and \$48,489, respectively at June 30, 2019 are reported as restricted assets and restricted net position until a final determination has been made regarding the disposition of these assets.

13. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds.

The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in a few lawsuits arising in the normal course of business. In the aggregate, these claims are not likely to have a material adverse impact on the affected funds of the City.

14. Debt Covenant Compliance

Sewer

- The City of Elkins, West Virginia is subject to rate covenant compliance associated with the issuance of the Series 2009 A bonds. Specifically, the City must meet gross revenue targeted percentage and reserve debt requirements as shown in the bond document as follows:
 - "...The schedule or schedules of rates and charges shall at all times be adequate to produce Gross Revenues from the System sufficient to pay Operating Expenses and to make the prescribed payments into the funds and accounts created hereunder...the Issuer hereby covenants and agrees that the schedule or schedules of rates or charges from time to time in effect shall be sufficient together with other revenues of the System, (i) to provide for all Operating Expenses of the System and (ii) to leave a balance each year equal to at least 115% of the maximum amount required in any year for payment of principal of and interest on the Series 2009 A Bonds, and all other obligations... including Prior Bonds: provided that, in the event that, an amount equal to or in excess of Reserve Requirements is on deposit in the Series 2009 A Bonds Reserve Account and any reserve accounts for obligations on a parity with, or subordinate to, the Series 2009 A Bonds are funded at least at the requirement therefore, such sum need only equal 110% of the maximum amount required in any year for payment of principal of and interest on the Series 2009 A Bonds are funded at least at the requirement therefore, such sum need only equal 110% of the maximum amount required in any year for payment of principal of and interest on the Series 2009 A Bonds..."

The following schedule summarizes the provisions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

<u>Net Gross</u> <u>Revenues</u>	<u>Amount of</u> <u>Annual Debt</u> <u>Service</u>	<u>Percentage</u>	<u>Maximum</u> <u>Percentage</u> <u>Required</u>
\$ 1,018,819	\$ 563,758	181%	110%

As of June 30, 2019, the City was in compliance with the provisions of the Series 2009 A revenue bond convent which require revenues to be 110% or above the amount of the highest principal payment plus interest due in any given year.

Water

The City of Elkins, West Virginia is subject to rate covenant compliance associated with the issuance of the Series 2015 A bonds. Specifically, the City must meet gross revenue targeted percentage and reserve debt requirements as shown in the bond document as follows:

"... The schedule or schedules of rates and charges shall at all times be adequate to produce Gross Revenues from the System sufficient to pay Operating Expenses and to make the prescribed payments into the funds and accounts created hereunder...the Issuer hereby covenants and agrees that the schedule or schedules of rates or charges from time to time in effect shall be sufficient together with other revenues of the System, (i) to provide for all Operating Expenses of the System and (ii) to leave a balance each year equal to at least 115% of the maximum amount required in any year for payment of principal of and interest on the Series 2015 A Bonds, and all other obligations... including Prior Bonds: provided that, in the event that, an amount equal to or in excess of Reserve Requirements is on deposit in the Series 2015 A Bonds Reserve Account and any reserve accounts for obligations on a parity with, or subordinate to, the Series 2015 A Bonds are funded at least at the requirement therefore, such sum need only equal 110% of the maximum amount required in any year for payment of principal of and interest on the Series 2015 A Bonds, and all other obligations..."

The following schedule summarizes the provisions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

<u>Net Gross</u> <u>Revenues</u>	<u>Amount of</u> <u>Annual</u> <u>Debt</u> <u>Service</u>	<u>Percentage</u>	<u>Maximum</u> <u>Percentage</u> <u>Required</u>
\$1,331,531	\$752,797	177%	110%

As of June 30, 2019, the City was in compliance with the provisions of the Series 2015 A revenue bond convent which require revenues to be 110% or above the amount of the highest principal payment plus interest due in any given year.

15. Subsequent Events

The City of Elkins, West Virginia's management evaluated the effect that subsequent events would have on financial statements through March 19, 2020, which is the date the financial statements were available to be released.

16. Fund Balance

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds are presented below:

		<u>Coal</u>	<u>Financial</u>
Fund Balance	<u>General</u>	<u>Severance</u>	<u>Stabilization</u>
Restricted for: Capital Projects	\$-	\$-	\$ 853,636
Committed for: Safety	_	102,224	-
Unassigned	2,138,368	-	-
	\$ 2,138,368	\$ 102,224	\$ 853,636

17. New Accounting Principles

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations* and Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements.*

- GASB Statement No. 83 establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). The implementation of GASB Statement No. 83 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.
- GASB Statement No. 88 establishes criteria to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 88 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Elkins Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) West Virginia Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund Last Five Years *

	2018		 2017	 2016	 2015	2014		
Total plan pension liability	\$	1,498,344	\$ 1,420,338	\$ 1,704,797	\$ 1,388,824	\$	1,441,318	
Plan net position		1,658,046	 1,489,384	 1,307,000	 1,244,804		1,163,258	
Net pension liability (asset)		(159,702)	(69,046)	397,797	144,020		278,060	
Plan net position as a % of total pension liability		110.66%	104.86%	76.67%	89.63%		80.71%	
Covered payroll	\$	167,273	\$ 163,492	\$ 163,506	\$ 161,535	\$	164,553	
Net pension liability (asset) as a % of Covered Payroll		-95.47%	-42.23%	243.29%	89.16%		168.98%	

* - Information for years prior to 2014 was not available.

City of Elkins Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability West Virginia Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund Last Five Years *

	 2018		2017	 2016	 2015	2014		
Total plan pension liability	\$ 5,152,162	\$	5,296,956	\$ 5,239,162	\$ 5,065,118	\$	5,041,872	
Plan net position	 3,520,541		3,273,105	 3,004,879	 2,794,044		2,383,232	
Net pension liability	1,631,621		2,023,851	2,234,283	2,271,074		2,658,640	
Plan net position as a % of total pension liability	68.33%		61.79%	57.35%	55.16%		47.27%	
Covered payroll	\$ 220,641	\$	336,918	\$ 336,918	\$ 489,755	\$	479,174	
Net pension liability as a % of Covered Payroll	739.49%		600.70%	663.15%	463.72%		554.84%	

* - Information for years prior to 2014 was not available.

City of Elkins Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability West Virginia Public Employees Retirement System Last Six Years *

2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 2013 Total plan pension liability 7,027,806,000 \$ 6,816,742,000 \$ 6,616,588,000 \$ 6,130,174,000 \$ 6,130,174,000 \$ 6,130,174,000 \$ Plan net position 6,769,554,000 6,385,097,000 5,697,470,000 5,761,109,000 5,761,109,000 5,761,109,000 Net pension liability 258,252,000 431,645,000 \$ \$ \$ 919,118,000 \$ 558,404,000 \$ 369,065,000 \$ 369,065,000 City's proportion of the net pension liability 0.15609000% 0.15791000% 0.15494900% 0.14885800% 0.15295500% 0.14740600% City's proportionate share of the net pension liability \$ 403,106 \$ 681,611 \$ 1,424,164 \$ 831,229 \$ 564,503 \$ 544,024 City's covered payroll \$ 2,629,910 \$ 2,428,473 \$ 2,379,625 \$ 2,211,652 \$ 1,948,743 \$ 2,051,724 City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll 15.30% 28.10% 59.80% 37.60% 29.00% 26.50% Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 91.29% 91.29% 91.29% 91.29% 93.98% 79.20%

* - Information for years prior to 2013 was not available.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Contributions West Virginia Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund Last Six Years *

	2018		2017	2016		2015		2014		2013
	 2010		2017		2010		2013		2014	 2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 45,372	\$	89,861	\$	52,661	\$	75,772	\$	94,403	\$ 85,238
Employer contribution	44,283		57,179		26,198		67,062		58,219	63,000
State contribution	49,028		31,901		60,020		30,087		33,026	32,992
Percentage contributed	206%		99%		164%		128%		97%	113%
Covered payroll	\$ 167,273	\$	163,492	\$	163,506	\$	161,535	\$	164,553	\$ 146,628
Actual contribution as a % of covered payroll	56%		54%		53%		60%		55%	65%

* - Information for years prior to 2013 was not available.

City of Elkins Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Contributions West Virginia Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund Last Six Years *

	 2018		2017		2016		2015	2014		 2013
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 320,403	\$	322,452	\$	343,902	\$	364,511	\$	359,070	\$ 320,736
Employer contribution	207,074		239,857		247,173		503,484		258,043	153,086
State contribution	104,185		85,605		179,859		65,549		97,618	76,378
Percentage contributed	97%		101%		124%		156%		99%	72%
Covered payroll	\$ 220,641	\$	359,239	\$	336,918	\$	489,755	\$	479,174	\$ 419,287
Actual contribution as a % of covered payroll	141%		91%		127%		116%		74%	55%

* - Information for years prior to 2013 was not available.

City of Elkins Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Contributions West Virginia Public Employees Retirement System Last Six Years *

	 2019	2018		2017		2016		2015		 2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 262,991	\$	267,132	\$	285,555	\$	298,573	\$	272,824	\$ 296,993
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (262,991)		(267,132)		(285,555)		(298,573)		(272,824)	 (296,993)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ _
City covered payroll	\$ 2,629,910	\$	2,428,473	\$	2,379,625	\$	2,211,652	\$	1,948,743	\$ 2,051,724
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	10.00%		11.00%		12.00%		13.50%		14.00%	14.50%

* - Information for years prior to 2014 was not available.

City of Elkins

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios West Virginia Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund Last Five Years *

	2018		2017		2016		2015		 2014
Total pension liability									
Service cost	\$	56,451	\$	62,148	\$	43,854	\$	48,141	\$ 48,630
Interest on the total pension liability		90,841		85,450		95,832		90,602	90,062
Benefit changes		-		-		-		-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(32,739)		(292,745)		(7,827)		(36,801)	-
Assumption changes		-		(101,401)		251,893		(85,025)	-
Benefit payments		(36,547)		(37,911)		(67,779)		(69,411)	(68,625)
Refunds		-		-		-		-	 -
Net change in total pension liability		78,006		(284,459)		315,973		(52,494)	70,067
Total pension liability - beginning	1	1,420,338		1,704,797		1,388,824		1,441,318	1,371,251
Total pension liability - ending	\$ 1	1,498,344	\$	1,420,338	\$	1,704,797	\$	1,388,824	\$ 1,441,318

City of Elkins

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios West Virginia Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund Last Five Years *

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability					
Service cost	\$ 75,761	\$ 126,132	\$ 105,989	\$ 142,861	\$ 140,829
Interest on the total pension liability	299,227	306,843	287,160	290,680	293,785
Benefit changes	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(175,666)	(1,159)	(169,907)	(126,966)	-
Assumption changes	-	-	275,217	-	-
Benefit payments	(344,116)	(334,747)	(324,415)	(278,704)	(269,200)
Refunds	-	(39,275)		(4,625)	(27,467)
Net change in total pension liability	(144,794)	57,794	174,044	23,246	137,947
Total pension liability - beginning	5,296,956	5,239,162	5,065,118	5,041,872	4,903,925
Total pension liability - ending	\$ 5,152,162	\$ 5,296,956	\$ 5,239,162	\$ 5,065,118	\$ 5,041,872

City of Elkins

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund Last Three Years *

	2018			2017		2016
Total plan OPEB liability	\$ 3,108,550,896			,282,900,408	\$ 3	3,168,993,251
Plan net position	963,115,000			823,911,315		685,668,000
Net OPEB liability	\$ 2,145,435,896		\$ 2,458,989,093		\$ 2	2,483,325,251
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.07850965%		0.07217390%			0.08517854%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,684,374	\$	1,774,748	\$	2,115,260
City's covered payroll (1)		N/A	N/A			N/A
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll (1)	N/A			N/A		N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	30.98%			25.10%		21.64%

* - Information for years prior to 2016 was not available.

(1) This is not applicable as the City does not have payroll for these employees as they are already retired.

City of Elkins Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Contributions West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund

Last Four Years *

	 2019		2018	 2017	2016		
Contractually required contribution	\$ 165,206	\$	160,454	\$ 148,244	\$	112,209	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (165,206)		(160,454)	 (148,244)		(112,209)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	
City covered payroll (1)	N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll (1)	N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A	

* - Information for years prior to 2016 was not available.

(1) This is not applicable as the City does not have payroll for these employees as they are already retired.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Elkins Randolph County, West Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Disbursements
United States Department of Agriculture Direct Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities, 17-18	-	10.760	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,316,126</u>
Total United States Department of Agriculture United States Department of the Interior				1,316,126
Passed through State Department of Natural Resources	-	15.004		4.607
Historic Preservation Fund, 18-19	N/A	15.904		4,607
Total United States Department of the Interior				4,607
Total Federal Financial Assistance			<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,320,733</u>

See accompanying notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

MUNICIPALITY OF ELKINS RANDOLPH COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Municipality of Elkins (the Municipality) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Municipality, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Municipality.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement. The Municipality has elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

Municipality of Elkins Randolph County, West Virginia 401 Davis Avenue Elkins, West Virginia 26241

To the Mayor and Members of Council:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Municipality of Elkins, Randolph County, West Virginia (the Municipality) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Municipality's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 19, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Municipality's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Municipality's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

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Mayor and Members of Council Municipality of Elkins Randolph County, West Virginia Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Municipality's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Municipality's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BHM CPA Group

BHM CPA Group Inc. Huntington, West Virginia March 19, 2020



Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to The Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Municipality of Elkins Randolph County, West Virginia 401 Davis Avenue Elkins, West Virginia 26241

To the Mayor and Members of Council:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the Municipality of Elkins' (the Municipality) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the Municipality's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2019. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the Municipality's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The Municipality's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal program.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the Municipality's compliance for the Municipality's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements to Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administration Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Municipality's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the Municipality's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Municipality's compliance.

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Mayor and Members of Council Municipality of Elkins Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 2

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Municipality complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The Municipality's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the Municipality's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on the major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance of explicible compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

BHM CPA Group

BHM CPA Group Inc. Huntington, West Virginia March 19, 2020

Municipality of Elkins Randolph County, West Virginia

Schedule of Findings 2 CFR §200.515 June 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant internal control deficiencies reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Program's Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under §.510(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities CFDA# 10.760
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

Municipality of Elkins Randolph County, West Virginia

Schedule of Findings 2 CFR §200.515 June 30, 2019

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS **REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS**

None noted

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None noted